

ÅRSRAPPORT 2019

ANNUAL REPORT 2019



GreenMobility®
DIN BYBIL

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GreenMobility
DIN BYBIL

INDHOLD

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**1.449
TONS**

CO₂ sparet (ton)
siden 2017
CO₂ saved (tons)
since 2017

3 ➔

GREENMOBILITY'S
**FREMtidige
Vækst** vil komme
fra ekspansion
til større
europæiske byer

10 ➔

VORES NYE
PLATFORM ER
LANGT MERE
SKALERBAR



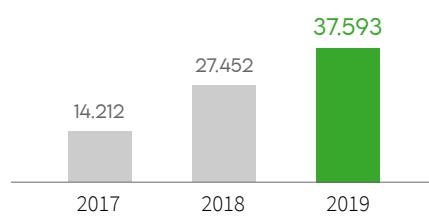
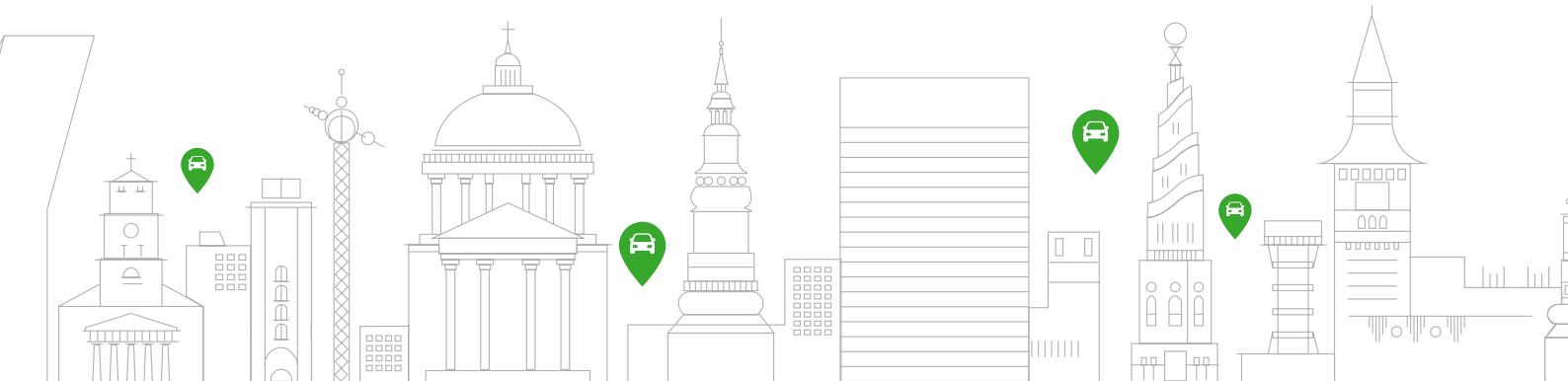
13 ➔

The English text in this document is an unofficial translation of the Danish original. In the event of any inconsistencies, the Danish version shall apply.

Please note that Danish decimal and digit grouping symbols have been used in the financial statements.

NØGLETAL

KEY FIGURES



Omsætning (t DKK) Revenue (t DKK)

750
+100
IN 2019

Elbilsflåde EV fleet

Finansielle hovedtal	Financial key figures	Vækst / Growth	2019	2018	2017
Samlet omsætning (t.kr.)	Total revenue (t.kr.)	37%	37.593	27.452	14.212
Indtjening (t.kr.)	Profit before tax (t.kr.)	10%	(29.889)	(33.115)	(30.603)
Kunder	Customers	110%	80.630	38.443	21.032
CO ₂ sparet (ton)	CO ₂ saved (tons)	45%	678	421	245
Ture*	Trips*	43%	681.890	492.835	320.657
Elbilsflåde	EV fleet	15%	750	650	400

2019 har budt på yderligere vækst for GreenMobility, hvor de samlede ture er steget med mere end 43% til samlet 681.890 ture og de samlede minutter er steget med 51% til totalt 21,3 mio. minutter. Som en direkte konsekvens har flådens drift sparet over 678 ton CO₂ udledning. I 2019 omsatte vi for samlet DKK 37,6 mio., en vækst på 37%, og endte dermed højere end den udmeldte forventning om en omsætning på 35-36 mio. Indtjeningen før skat på DKK (29,9) mio. endte således som forventet, hvorimod det samlede kundetal ikke helt nåede forventningen om 82.000 kunder, hvilket primært skyldtes implementering af ny platform.

*Ved overgang til ny platform i 2019, har det vist sig at tur-antallet for 2018 og 2017 har inkluderet nogle interne ture og dermed har været sat for højt (ca. 26.000 for mange i 2017 og ca. 16.000 for mange i 2018). Ovenstående tabel afspejler korrekte tur-antal for alle år. Det skal understreges at det ikke har konsekvenser for de finansielle tal i de nævnte år.

2019 generated further growth for GreenMobility. The total number of trips increased by more than 43% to a total of 681,890 trips and the total minutes increased by 51% to a total of 21.3 million. As a direct consequence, fleet operations saved over 678 tons of CO₂ emissions. In 2019, we had a total revenue of DKK 37.8 million, a growth of 39%; thereby outperforming the expected DKK 35-36 million in revenue. Profit before tax of DKK (29.8) million thus ended as expected, whereas the total number of customers did not quite reach the expectation of 82,000. This was mainly due to the implementation of the new platform.

*) When transitioning to the new platform in 2019, it turned out that the trip totals for 2018 and 2017 have included some internal trips, as such they were set too high (app. 26,000 too many in 2017 and app. 16,000 too many in 2018). The above table reflects correct trip totals for all years. It should be emphasised that this has no impact on the financial figures for those years.

VORES FORRETNING

OUR BUSINESS

Baseret på globale megatrends som urbanisering, de-le-økonomi og den grønne agenda, ønsker GreenMobility at tage en aktiv rolle i at ændre de traditionelle mobilitets-mønstre med det mål at gøre vores byer grønnere, mere bæredygtige, begrænse udledningen af CO₂ og derved endnu bedre at leve i.

Det gør vi ved at tilbyde en grøn delebilsløsning, der ude-lukkende består af elbiler drevet af grøn strøm, så vi der-med reducerer CO₂-udledningen i byerne. Vores kunder deler bilerne i byerne, så dermed medvirker vi til at fortrænge private biler i byerne og forbedre byens miljø. Derigennem bidrager GreenMobility aktivt til FN's verdensmål nr. 11, 12 og 13, og pr januar 2020 er vi medlem af FN's netværk af virksomheder og organisationer, som alle arbejder for en bæredygtig fremtid, UN Global Compact.

GreenMobility ekspanderer sit delebilskoncept til flere større europæiske byer, hvor vi medbringer vores viden og ekspertise indenfor drift af grønne delebilsløsninger samt marketing, brand, risk management og leverandører – kort sagt, en samlet drifts-platform der sikrer at vi kan leve op til vores kunders forventninger om tilgængelighed når og hvor de skal bruge en el-delebil.

Fremadrettet forventer GreenMobility i stigende grad selv at etablere nye byer med lokal drift, gennem helt eller del-vist ejede datterselskaber, og derigennem skabe vækst. Det er målet at være blandt Europas førende udbydere af grønne delebilsløsninger.

Based on global megatrends like urbanization, the sharing economy and the green agenda, GreenMobility wants to take an active role in changing the traditional mobility patterns, with the goal of making our cities greener, more sustainable, reduce CO₂ emissions and thereby making them even better places to live.

We achieve these goals by providing a green car sharing solution, that consists exclusively of electric cars, powered by green energy. In this way, we are reducing CO₂ emissions in cities. Our customers share the cars in the cities, so we help to reduce the number of private cars in cities, while improving the urban environment. GreenMobility is thus actively contributing to the achievement of the UN Sustainable Development Goals 11, 12 and 13. In addition, since January 2020 we have been a member of the UN Global Compact, a network of companies and organisations all working towards a sustainable future.

GreenMobility is expanding its car sharing concept to several larger European cities and brings knowledge and expertise to the operation of green car solutions as well as in marketing, brand, risk management and suppliers. In short, we provide a single operating platform that ensures we meet our customers' needs and expectations of availability, whenever and wherever they want an electric car.

Going forward, GreenMobility increasingly expects to es-tablish new cities with local operations through wholly or partly owned subsidiaries, thereby generating growth. Our ambition is to be among the leading European providers of green car sharing solutions.

Grøn delebilsløsning
Green car sharing solution



Vi bidrager til følgende verdensmål
We contribute to the UN SDG's



Drevet af grøn strøm
Powered by green energy



FRA DIREKTØREN

FROM THE CEO

GREENMOBILITY'S GRUNDLAG FOR VÆKST OG EKSPANSION STÅR STÆRKERE END NOGENSINDE

GreenMobility rider på en række megatrends, som kun er blevet forstærket de senere år. Øget fokus på klima og miljø som følge af de forstærkede klimaforandringer, vi allerede de sidste par år har set begyndelsen på, forventes at komme til at spille en vigtig rolle for GreenMobility. Ligeledes vil det øgede fokus på byernes udfordringer med trængsel og parkering kun blive større. Derudover forventer vi at urbaniseringens fortsatte vækst kombineret med de nye generationers mindset vil ændre hele mobilitetsbilledet i byen væsentligt. Fokus går fra ejerskab til adgang. En by som Berlin, med stor udbredelse af delebiler, giver et godt billede af dette. Her er andelen af unge, som har egen bil, faldet markant i de senere år – og vi forventer, at denne tendens i stigende grad vil gøre sig gældende i øvrige europæiske storbyer.

2019 har været et spændende år med fortsat positiv udvikling for GreenMobility. Kundetilgangen fortsatte, forretningen i København voksede og en større produktomlægning medførte øget indtjening pr. minut. Samtidig lancerede vi GreenMobility i Oslo i samarbejde med VY og i Aarhus i samarbejde med NRGi i november. Vi indgik Letter of Intent med henblik på indgåelse af samarbejder i tre byer i Belgien og tre byer i Storbritannien og skabt grundlag for udrulning i tre yderligere byer, som lanceres i første halvår af 2020 – Malmö, Göteborg og Antwerpen.

Efterhånden som vi nåede sommeren kunne vi konstatere, at vores IT-platform ikke stod mål med vores ambitioner. Vi oplevede flere alvorlige nedbrud, og vi levede ikke op til vores kunders forventninger i takt med at vores volumen steg. Samtidig begyndte vi at se en begrænsning både i vores kommercielle udfoldelsesmuligheder i København, men i særdeleshed i forhold til den internationale udrulning. Efterhånden som udfordringerne voksede mistede vi konkurrenceevne i den københavnske forretning.

GREENMOBILITY'S FOUNDATION FOR GROWTH AND EXPANSION IS STRONGER THAN EVER

GreenMobility leverages a number of megatrends, which have only intensified in recent years. Due to the accelerated impact on the climate, we expect that the increased focus on climate change and the environment will play a key role for GreenMobility. Likewise, the increased focus on the ever-increasing challenges of congestion and parking in cities will play a key role for GreenMobility. We also expect that continuing urbanisation, together with the mindset of the new generations, will significantly change the overall mobility landscape in cities. The focus is shifting from ownership to access. This trend is exemplified by a city like Berlin, with its widespread use of shared cars. Here, the proportion of young people owning their own car declined significantly in recent years. Everything suggests that this trend will also soon be observed in other European cities.

The year 2019 was exciting for GreenMobility, with continued growth and positive development. Customer numbers grew, as well as the business in Copenhagen; and a large product adjustment resulted in higher revenues per minute. At the same time, we officially launched GreenMobility in Oslo, in cooperation with VY and in November, we launched Aarhus in cooperation with NRGI. We signed letters of intent for cooperation in three cities in Belgium and three cities in the UK and have laid the foundation for launches in three more cities in the first half of 2020 - Malmö, Gothenburg and Antwerp.

As summer approached, it became increasingly clear that our IT platform did not match our ambitions. We experienced several critical breakdowns and we did not meet our customers' expectations as volume increased. We noticed a limitation both in our commercial development opportunities in Copenhagen and particularly in terms of international rollout. As a result of the increase of these challenges, we were losing our competitive edge in the Copenhagen business area. Thus, we changed the IT platform,

47

678 TONS

+37%

COMPARED
TO 2018

Ansatte Employees

CO₂ sparet i 2019

CO₂ saved in 2019

Omsætning Revenue

Som en konsekvens heraf og for at gøre GreenMobility klar til fremtiden skiftede vi IT-platform. Med den nye platform fuldt integreret kan vi konstatere, at den fuldt ud lever op til vores forventninger med forbedrede funktioner til at kommunikere med vores kunder, udvikle vores produkter, hurtigere skalering af nye byer og en grundlæggende forbedret driftsstabilitet.

Vi har tidens trends med os og vi har taget de nødvendige investeringer for at stå stærkt i forhold til at indfri vores ambition om at være blandt Europas førende udbydere. Forventningen til 2020 er derfor en fortsat positiv udvikling i de byer vi har i drift, samt lancering og indgåelse af yderligere aftaler om nye byer.

in order to prepare GreenMobility for the future. With the new platform fully integrated, we can see that it fully meets our expectations, including improved capabilities to communicate with our customers, develop our products, scale new cities faster and it provides a fundamentally improved operational stability.

Today's trends are on our side and we have made the necessary investments to strengthen us, to achieve our ambition to be among Europe's leading providers. The expectation for 2020 is continued positive development in the cities, in which we operate; in addition to new launches and entering into agreements for service in new cities.

Thomas Heltborg Juul

Group CEO - GreenMobility

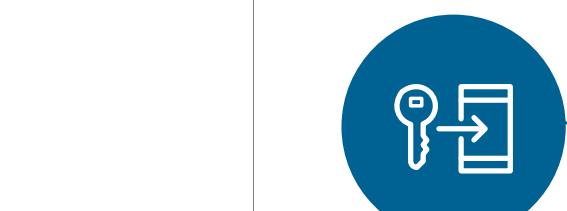
MEGATRENDS

GLOBALE TRENDS GLOBAL TRENDS



Urbanisering
Urbanisation

MEGATRENDS



UDVIKLING I 2019

DEVELOPMENT 2019

KØBENHAVN COPENHAGEN

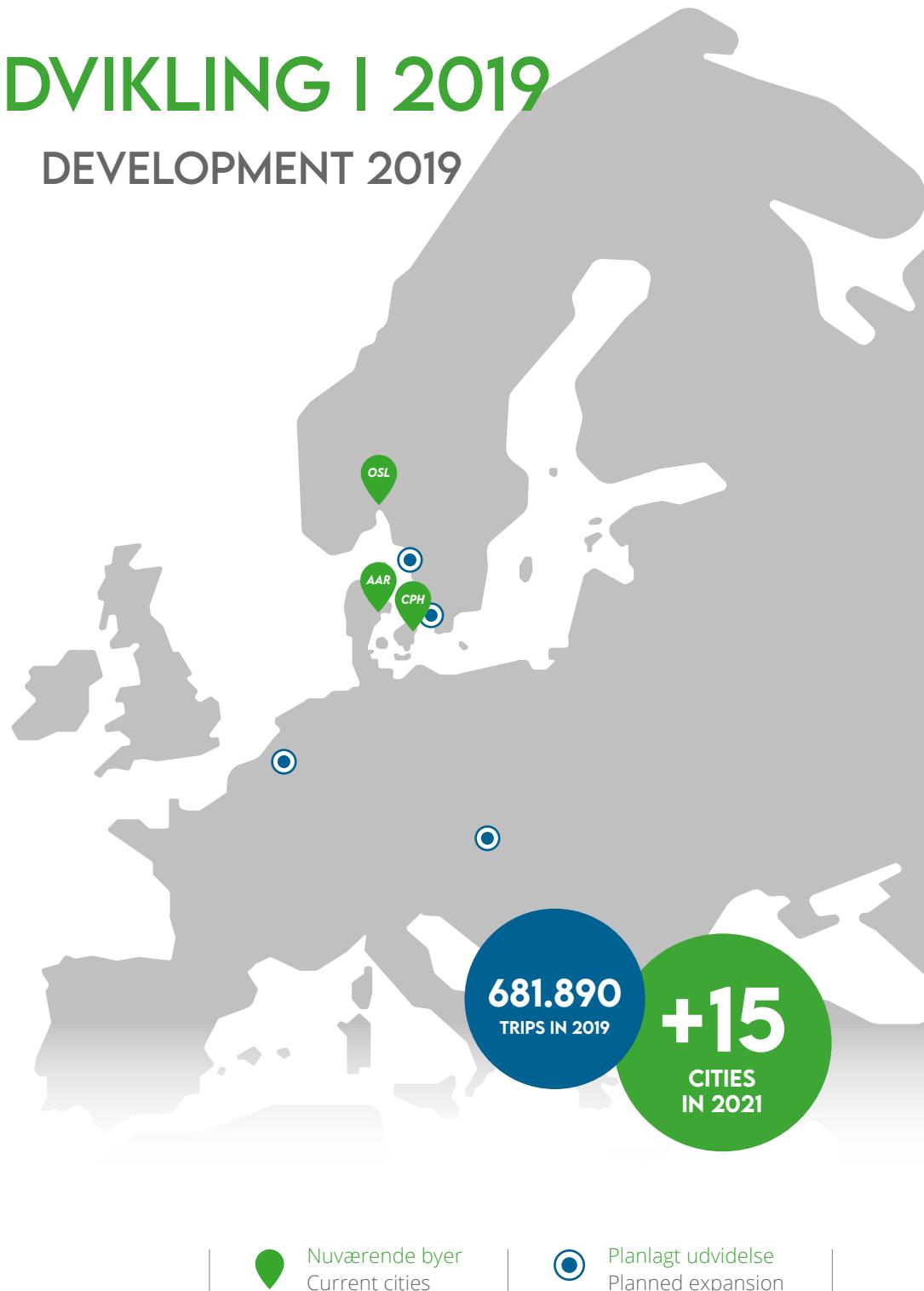
- 100** kvm zone
- 400** cars
- 25** hotspots

ÅRHUS AARHUS

- 50** kvm zone
- 100** cars
- 5** hotspots

OSLO OSLO

- 60** kvm zone
- 250** cars
- 14** hotspots



GreenMobility har i 2019 oplevet en god og positiv udvikling i forretningen i København, samt på det internationale marked, der udgør en væsentlig del af forretningsgrundlaget og strategien for GreenMobility fremadrettet. I løbet af året har GreenMobility introduceret nye produkter med positiv effekt, skabt god volumen i forretningen, lanceret GreenMobility i Aarhus og forberedt flere udenlandske byer til opstart i de første kvartaler af 2020. GreenMobility har i 2019 gennemført to kapitalrunder, der har styrket kapitalgrundlaget til fortsat international ekspansion.

GreenMobility experienced positive development in 2019, both in terms of business in Copenhagen and in the international market; which constitutes an important aspect of GreenMobility's business foundation and strategy going forward. During the year GreenMobility introduced new products with positive effects, achieved good volume in the business, launched GreenMobility in Aarhus and prepared to enter several international cities in the first quarters of 2020. In 2019, GreenMobility also completed two capital rounds, which strengthened our capital base for continued international expansion.

PRODUKT UDVIKLING

GreenMobility har gennem året udviklet og testet en række produkttiltag og -forbedringer, for at optimere brugeroplevelsen og imødekomme kundernes ønsker og behov endnu bedre. Blandt disse kan nævnes:



Incentive to charge, hvor kunder belønnes for at sætte el-bilen til at lade ved endt tur. Alt afhængig af batteri-niveau, får kunden mellem 10 og 20 minutters gratis kørsel. Denne produktændring som automatisk udløser bonus til kunden, har medført væsentlige operationelle forbedringer og besparelser.



Minutpakker, hvor kunden kan købe pakker med 60 eller 200 minutters kørsel til faste priser med en væsentlig rabat. Salget af disse pakker har udviklet sig positivt gennem året og har medført en øget loyalitet hos kunderne.

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT

Throughout the year, GreenMobility developed and tested a number of product initiatives and enhancements to improve user experience and to accommodate customer needs more successfully. Among others, these include:



Incentive to charge. Customers are rewarded for plugging the electric car in to a charger at the end of a trip. Depending on the battery level, the customer receives between 10 and 20 minutes of free driving. This product change, which automatically triggers a bonus for the customer, has resulted in significant operational improvements and savings.



Minute packages. The customer can buy packages of 60 or 200 minutes of driving at fixed prices with a substantial discount. Sales of these packages developed positively over the course of the year and led to increased customer loyalty.



"GREENMOBILITY FUNGERER GODT FOR MIG FORDI HELE KONCEPTET ER SIMPELT, LET TILGÆNGELIGT, OG SÅ ER DER ALTID EN BIL I NÆRHEDEN."

"I ENJOY USING GREENMOBILITY BECAUSE THE CONCEPT IS SIMPLE, EASY TO USE AND THERE IS ALWAYS A CAR NEARBY."

Emma Vestergaard

DANMARK

GreenMobility kunne i efteråret 2019 fejre tre års fødselsdag, nogenlunde samtidigt med at vi rundede 1.000.000 kørte ture - en milepæl i vores ambition om at udbrede CO₂ neutral dele-mobilitet i København. Omsætningen pr. minut er steget til kr. 2,16 hvilket er en forbedring på 22%. Der er i 2019 kørt 520.126 ture, hvilket er en vækst på 9,2% sammenlignet med 2018. Antallet af ture har dog været negativt påvirket af et nødvendigt skift af IT-platform i efteråret. Den nye platform tilbyder vores kunder en langt bedre oplevelse fremadrettet og den er mere skalerbar, hvilket er en forudsætning for den fremtidige vækst. Vi oplever fortsat en positiv udvikling og vækst i vores hjemmemarked, herunder en vækst i kundetal på 49% til samlet 57.443 kunder i København ved årets udgang.

I sommeren 2019 valgte vi at udskifte 100 el-biler til den nye model af Renault Zoe med større batteri og dermed længere rækkevidde. Dette har medført større fleksibilitet for vores kunder, der blandt andet har kunne tage længere ture uden at bekymre sig om, at der var strøm nok på bilen. Samtidig medfører det større batteri, at bilen har færre opladninger i forhold til antal ture, hvilket har været medvirkende til en øget effektivisering med lavere driftsomkostninger til følge.

På trods af den fortsatte positive vækst i København, medførte skiftet af vores operationelle platform, og dermed færre biler på gaden, at vi ikke som forventet opnåede en operationel break-even i december i København. Men med andre driftsindtægter har København dog opnået finansiell break-even, og vi forventer også at have operationel break-even for København i 2020 samlet set.

I november blev GreenMobility lanceret i Aarhus i et samarbejde med NRGi, som har et stærkt fokus på bæredygtig energi. Flåden på 100 el-biler i Aarhus, hvor vi har en zone på 50 km², som drives fra København, hvilket giver mulighed for udnyttelse af stordriftsfordele. Lanceringen i Aarhus har været meget positiv og både kundeantal og ture er kommet godt fra start.

I slutningen af 2019 besluttede Københavns Kommune at fritate el-biler for parkeringsafgift fra 1. januar 2020. Parkeringsafgift i Københavns Kommune udgjorde i 2019 en væsentlig omkostningspost og beslutningen, der udover at understøtte vores grundlæggende strategi, vil således også medføre en betydelig omkostningsbesparelse i 2020.



DENMARK

In autumn 2019, GreenMobility celebrated its three-year anniversary, roughly at the same time as we reached 1,000,000 driven trips. This was an important benchmark in our ambition for CO₂-neutral shared mobility in Copenhagen. Revenue per minute rose to DKK 2.16, an improvement of 22%. In 2019, customers drove 520,126 trips, which represents a growth of 9.2% compared to 2018. However, the number of trips was negatively impacted by a necessary change of IT platform in the fall. Going forward, the new platform provides our customers with a far better user experience. And it's more scalable, which is a prerequisite for future growth. We continue to see positive development and growth in our Danish home market, including a 49% growth in customer numbers, resulting in a total of 57,443 customers in Copenhagen at the end of the year.

In summer 2019, we decided to replace 100 electric cars for the new Renault Zoe model, which has a larger battery and consequently longer range. This resulted in greater flexibility for our customers, who, were able to drive further, without worrying about whether there was enough power in the car. The larger battery also means that the car has fewer charges compared to the number of trips. This has resulted in increased streamlining and lower operating costs.

Despite continued growth in Copenhagen, the change of our IT-platform meant that we did not break-even in December, as expected. However, due to other operational income, Copenhagen has however achieved financial break-even and we expect to achieve operational break-even in Copenhagen in 2020.

In November, GreenMobility was launched in Aarhus in collaboration with NRGi, for whom sustainable energy is high on the agenda. The fleet of 100 electric cars in Aarhus, where we have a zone of 50 km², is operated from Copenhagen. This facilitates effective utilisation of economies of scale. The launch in Aarhus was very positive, both the number of customers and trips are off to a good start.

In late 2019, the City of Copenhagen decided to exempt electric cars from parking fees as of 1 January, 2020. In 2019, the parking fees in the City of Copenhagen was a significant cost, so in addition to supporting our basic strategy, the decision will also lead to a significant cost saving in 2020.



INTERNATIONALE MARKEDER

Ekspansion til større europæiske byer er en væsentlig del af GreenMobility's fremtidige vækststrategi. Vi har analysert de fleste større byer og identificeret de byer, der på både kort og langt sigt tilbyder de bedste forudsætninger for GreenMobility's elbils-delingsjeneste. For at opnå en større værdiskabelse er det vores strategi i stigende grad selv at etablere os i europæiske byer frem for gennem franchiseaftaler, idet egen drift vil kunne skabe en større værdi for GreenMobility. Denne etablering vil primært ske som helt egen drift, men kan også være i joint ventures, i de byer hvor vi i samarbejde med lokal partner, vurdere bedre at kunne accelerere udrulningen af vores produkt eller hente driftsmæssige synergier. På den kommersielle front søger vi også at skabe lokale alliancer og samarbejder, der kan fremme brandet og medvirke til en hurtigere vækst i det lokale marked. Ekspansion gennem etablering af egne byer sker ud fra en "hub"-tankegang, hvor en by kan servicere flere byer, hvilket betyder, at vi kan minimere omkostningerne til blandt andet kundeservice og administration. København er således hub for Aarhus samt Malmö og Göteborg.

Vi lancerede i slutningen af 2018 GreenMobility i Oslo i et franchisesamarbejde med VY (tidligere NSB), der driver offentlig transport i Norge. Det første fulde drifts-år har vist at Oslo har et godt grundlag for GreenMobility's koncept. Vi har oplevet en positiv modtagelse fra kunderne i Oslo, som der ved udgangen af året var mere en 21.000 af. Gennem de værktøjer og erfaringer GreenMobility har leveret til VY, er forretningen vokset hurtigere end den gjorde i starten i København.

I forbindelse med opgraderingen af vores platform i slutningen af 2019 blev det besluttet at udskyde lanceringen i Malmö og Göteborg til 1. kvartal 2020. Begge byer starter ud med 100 elbiler, som de kendes fra bybilledet i København. Begge byer vil som nævnt blive drevet fra København, dog med lokale street-teams, og bliver dermed de første satellitbyer udenfor Danmark.

INTERNATIONAL MARKETS

Expansion into larger European cities is an essential part of GreenMobility's future growth strategy. We have analysed most larger cities and identified the cities that offer the best conditions for GreenMobility's electric car-sharing service, in both the short and the long term. For greater value creation, our strategy is increasingly to establish our own operation in European cities, rather than franchise agreements, as this will create more value for GreenMobility. These establishments will primarily be conducted as own businesses, but may also involve joint ventures, in cities where collaboration with local partners can accelerate the roll-out of our product or achieve operational synergies. On the commercial front, we are also seeking to create local alliances and cooperations to promote the brand and ensure faster growth in local markets. Expansion through the establishment of our own cities is based on a 'hub' concept, in which one city can service more cities. This means that we can minimise the costs of customer service and administration among others. Copenhagen is thus the hub for Aarhus, Malmö and Gothenburg.

At the end of 2018 we launched GreenMobility in Oslo in a franchise collaboration with VY (formerly NSB). VY is Norway's state-owned railway, who provides public transport. The first full year of operation proved that Oslo is a good market for GreenMobility's concept. We have experienced positive reception from customers in Oslo, of which there were more than 21,000 at the end of the year. As a result of the tools and experience GreenMobility has delivered to VY, the business has grown faster than it did when we started in Copenhagen.

In the connection with upgrading our platform in late 2019, we decided to postpone the launch of Malmö and Gothenburg to the 1st quarter, 2020. Both cities will launch with 100 electric cars, identical to the ones we are familiar with in Copenhagen. As previously mentioned, both cities will be operated from Copenhagen, using local street teams, making them the first satellite cities outside of Denmark.

I Belgien har vi valgt at indgå et joint venture med en lokal partner, da vi mener den lokale erfaring vil fremme lanceringen. Det belgiske marked har et stort potentiale der spænder flere byer, hvilket gør det attraktivt for GreenMobility, fordi vi derigennem kan opnå flere potentielle stordriftsfordele. Etableringen i Belgien sker i forlængelse af det letter of intent, vi tidligere har indgået med Deurnese Transportmaatschappij NV, der således også er vores joint venture-partner i Belgien, men dog med GreenMobility som majoritetsaktionær. Vi forventer at kunne lancere i Antwerpen som den første belgiske by og den første by udenfor Skandinavien i første halvår 2020.

In Belgium, we have chosen to enter into a joint venture with a local partner, as we believe the local experience will strengthen the launch. The Belgian market has major potential spanning several cities, making it attractive to GreenMobility, because we can secure additional potential economies of scale. The establishment in Belgium is an extension of the Letter of Intent we previously concluded with Deurnese Transportmaatschappij NV. This means they are our joint venture partner in Belgium, however with GreenMobility as the majority shareholder. We expect to launch in Antwerp in the first half of 2020. It will be both our first Belgian city and the first GreenMobility city outside Scandinavia.

VIDSTE DU AT...? DID YOU KNOW THAT...?



Vores biler dagligt kører halvejs rundt om jorden
Daily our cars drive half way around the world

16.000 KM

Gennemsnitlig tur længde
Average trip length

30 MIN.

"APP'EN FUNGERER SUPER NEMT OG
INTUITIVT. DET ER NEMT AT FINDE
PARKERING OG KUNDESUPPORTEN
ER ALTID KLAR TIL AT HJÆLPE"

"THE APP IS REALLY EASY AND
INTUITIVE TO USE. IT'S EASY
FINDING PARKING AND CUSTOMER
SERVICE IS ALWAYS HELPFUL."

Brian Holm Otte

Kunder
Costumers



80.630

KAPITALUDVIDELSER

I marts måned gennemførte GreenMobility en kapitalrejsning på nominelt DKK 147.368,40 med udstedelse af 368.421 nye aktier á nominelt DKK 0,40. Kapitalforhøjelsen sikrede GreenMobility et bruttoprovnu på DKK 35 millioner.

Med henblik på investeringer i opgradering af vores teknologiske platform og etablering af flere egne byer blev yderligere en kapitalrejsning gennemført i efteråret 2019. Kapitalforhøjelsen på nominelt DKK 141.304,40 med udstedelse af 353.261 nye aktier á nominelt DKK 0,40 sikrede GreenMobility et bruttoprovnu på DKK 32,5 millioner.

GreenMobility driver forretning i et vækstmarked, hvor der for at være blandt de førende i det Europæiske delebilsmarked, skal investeres yderligere i de kommende år, ikke mindst i takt med at GreenMobility i højere grad går efter at lancere egne byer med direkte investeringer. Dette vil medføre behov for yderligere kapitaltilførsel, en proces som vi konkret undersøger de bedste vilkår for. Det er fortsat vores ambition at arbejde hen imod en hovedmarkedsnotering i løbet af 2020.

CAPITAL ROUNDS

In March, GreenMobility completed a capital round of nominal DKK 147,368.40 with the issue of 368,421 new shares nominal at DKK 0.40. The capital increase secured GreenMobility gross proceeds of DKK 35 million.

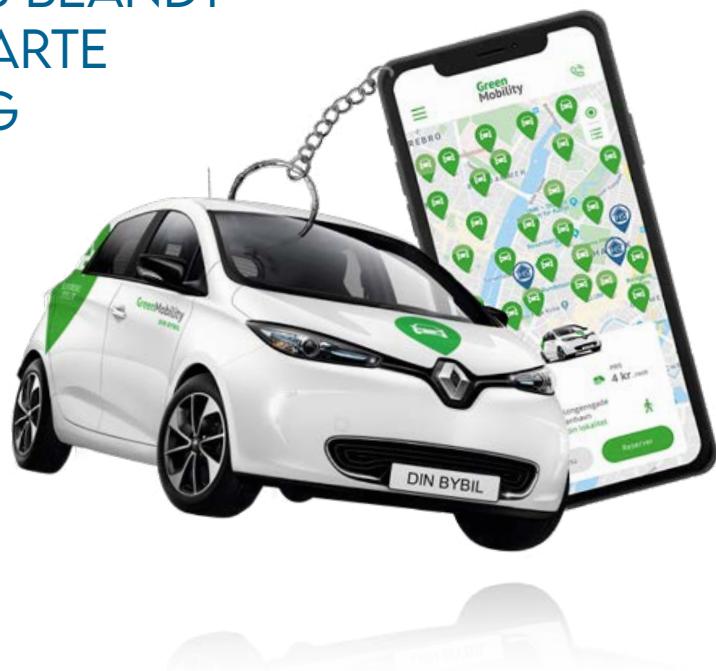
An additional capital round was completed in the fall of 2019, to raise funding to be able to invest in improvement of our technical platform and establishment of more own cities. The capital round of nominal DKK 141,304.40 with the issue of 353,261 new shares nominal at DKK 0.40 secured GreenMobility gross proceeds of DKK 32.5 million.

GreenMobility is operating a business in a growing market. In order to be amongst the leaders within the European car sharing market, further investments must be made over the coming years, especially as GreenMobility plans to launch own cities with direct investments. This will require more capital and we are currently analyzing the best options for us to do so. It is still our ambition to work towards a main market listing in 2020.

**GREENMOBILITY DRIVER
FORRETNING I ET **VÆKSTMARKED**,
HVOR DER FOR AT SIKRE EN
FØRENDE POSITION I DET
EUROPÆISKE **DELEBILS-MARKED**
SKAL INVESTERES YDERLIGERE
I DE KOMMENDE ÅR.**



VORES NYE PLATFORM ER MERE
SKALERBAR OG GØR OS BLANDT
 ANDET I STAND TIL AT STARTE
 EN NY BY **HURTIGERE** OG
BILLIGERE, OG SIKRER
 EN VÆSENTLIGT **BEDRE**
 KUNDEOPLEVELSE.



OPGRADERING AF PLATFORM

GreenMobility har siden starten i 2016 drevet sin forretning på en platform, herunder telemetri kommunikation med bilerne, leveret af en tredjepart. Produktet har været en forudsætning for at vi har kunnet bygge og udvikle vores forretning, men i løbet af 2019 viste platformen at have utilstrækkelige udviklingsmuligheder og kunne således ikke følge med vores ambitioner. Samtidigt havde platformen og leverandøren en række driftsudfordringer. Alt sammen noget der påvirkede vores kundetilfredshed negativt og bremsede vores udvikling. For at sikre GreenMobility det bedst mulige fremtidige grundlag, var et skift af platform derfor nødvendigt, samt at gennemføre det inden vi skulle ekspandere vores koncept til yderligere nye byer.

Konsekvensen var en periode med færre biler tilgængelig og et nødvendigt app-skift for alle kunder, hvilket medførte en midlertidig nedgang i omsætning og kundetilgang i november og december. Vores nye platform er langt mere skalerbar og forventes at gøre os i stand til at starte en ny by hurtigere og billigere, og giver en væsentligt bedre kundeoplevelse. Da den nye platform er adskilt leverandørmæssigt på software og hardwareområderne, gør det endvidere GreenMobility mere uafhængige. Dermed bliver vi i stand til at udvikle eller sågar skifte den ene del alene og dermed også undgå et platformsskifte i lignende skala i fremtiden.

UPGRADE OF THE PLATFORM

Since the inception in 2016, GreenMobility has run the business based on a platform provided by a third party, where telemetrics are utilized to communicate with the cars. The platform provided the means for us to build and evolve our business, however, in 2019 it was evident that the platform lacked the tools to support our ambitions. At the same time, the platform and the supplier faced operational challenges which negatively impacted our customer satisfaction and our ability to grow. To ensure a solid future foundation for GreenMobility, it was necessary to transition to a new platform before embarking on further expansion into new cities.

The consequences of transitioning to a new platform included a period with fewer cars in operation and requiring our customers to switch to a new app. This resulted in a temporary decline in revenue and customer acquisition in November and December. Our new platform is more scalable and is expected to allow us to launch in new cities faster and at a lower cost and provide a much better customer experience. The new platform's software and hardware is provided by two separate suppliers, which allows GreenMobility greater independence. This also allows us to develop or switch software or hardware without one affecting the other and prevents a transition to a new platform happening at the same scale in the future.

FORVENTNINGER 2020

EXPECTATIONS FOR 2020

2019

2020

750

1.600-
2.100

3



7-9

For 2020 forventes der fortsat vækst i omsætningen. Væksten forventes dels at komme fra eksisterende operationelle byer, samt fra operationel opstart af nye byer.

I tillæg til de nuværende 3 operationelle byer, forventer vi at lancere 4-6 nye byer, og dermed bringe det samlede antal GreenMobility byer op på 7-9, hvor vi samtidigt forventer en samlet flåde på 1.600-2.100 elbiler med udgangen af 2020.

For 2020 forventer GreenMobility forsæt et negativt driftsresultat.

Der pågår forhandlinger omkring nye byer og flådestørrelser, samt finansieringen af disse, der kan have indvirkning på forventningerne til 2020.

København forventes i 2020 som den første GreenMobility by at give et samlet positivt resultat på årsbasis.

Fremadrettede udsagn

Udsagnene om fremtiden i årsrapporten afspejler GreenMobility's nuværende forventninger til fremtidige begivenheder og økonomiske resultater. Udsagnene er i sagens natur forbundet med risici, usikkerheder og andre forhold, der er vanskelige at forudsige eller ligger uden for GreenMobility's kontrol. Selskabets faktiske resultater kan derfor afvige fra de forventninger, der udtrykkes i ledelsesberetningen.

For 2020 we expect continued growth in our turnover. The growth is expected to come from the cities that we currently operate in as well as the operational start-up in new cities.

In addition to the 3 operational cities, we expect to launch 4-6 new cities, hereby bringing the total number of Green-Mobility cities to 7-9. At the same time, we expect our fleet of electric cars to total 1.600-2.100 by the end of 2020.

For 2020, GreenMobility continues to expect a negative operating result.

There are ongoing negotiations regarding new cities and fleet sizes as well as the financing of them, which may have an impact on the expectations for 2020.

In 2020, Copenhagen is expected to be the first GreenMobility city to deliver an overall positive result annually.

Forward looking statements

Statements about the future expressed in the annual report, reflects GreenMobility's current expectations for future events and financial results. The nature of these statements is affected by risk, uncertainties and other elements that are out of GreenMobility's control. Therefore, the company's actual results can differ from the expectations expressed in the management report.

RISIKOFAKTORER

RISK FACTORS

OPERATIONELLE RISICI

Et IT-nedbrud, der forhindrer brugerne i at køre i Din Bybil ved hjælp af GreenMobility app'n eller på anden måde forringer service væsentligt er en betydelig risikofaktor for GreenMobility. De vigtigste IT-funktionaliteter er udviklet, drives og hostes af en tredjepart. I løbet af 2019 registrerede GreenMobility flere mindre IT-driftsforstyrrelser, samt enkelte episoder hvor flåden i kortere tid ikke kunne tilgås af kunderne. Dette har dog været på den gamle og nu udskiftede platform, og der har ikke været væsentlige operationelle driftsforstyrrelser på den nye platform.

Da hele flåden i København udgøres af en bilmodel, vil én gennemgående fejl på disse, som medfører, at bilerne ikke kan køre i en periode, belaste indtjeningen.

Et kortvarigt strømudfald vil kun have begrænset påvirkning, da bilerne typisk er halvt opladede over døgnet.

Yderligere indskrænkning af parkeringsmulighederne i København eller øvrige GreenMobility byer vil besværliggøre udbredelsen af delebiler og belaste GreenMobility. Dette imødegås af HotSpots, hvor GreenMobility lejer parkeringspladser ofte med ladestandere. Nem parkering er en integreret del af GreenMobilitys service.

Større trafikulykker, hvor Din Bybil er involveret, kan medføre yderligere omkostninger samt skade selskabets omdømme. GreenMobility udelukker derfor enkelte kunder fra at benytte Din Bybil, i konkrete tilfælde på grund af uhensigtsmæssig kørsel, i andre tilfælde pga. forsøg på svindel ved oprettelsen mv.

GreenMobility har udover VY ingen store kunder, hvis bortfald af betalingsevne kan true selskabet. De samlede tab på debitorer beløb sig i 2019 til DKK 0,5 mio. GreenMobility kan begrænse tab på debitorer idetturene betales umiddelbart efter deres afslutning, ved at GreenMobility automatisk trækker på kundernes kreditkort. Den nye prisstruktur med flere forudbetalte abonnementer vil yderligere sikre GreenMobility mod tab.

OPERATIONAL RISKS

An IT crash which prevents customers from using Your City Car through the GreenMobility app, or in any other way affects the service, is a significant risk factor for GreenMobility. The most important IT functions are developed, operated and hosted by a third party. Throughout 2019, GreenMobility registered several minor IT disruptions as well as a few episodes where customers were unable to access the fleet for short time frames. However, these disruptions occurred on the old platform and there have not been significant operational disruptions since switching to the newer platform.

As the entire fleet in Copenhagen is based solely on one car model, any production errors in the model resulting in their inability to operate, will significantly impact the company's earnings.

A short-term power outage will only have a limited impact, as the cars are usually half charged throughout the day.

Further restrictions on parking in Copenhagen or other GreenMobility cities will complicate the expansion of car sharing and impact GreenMobility. This is solved by providing HotSpots, where GreenMobility rents parking spots, often equipped with chargers. Easy parking is an integral part of the GreenMobility service.

Serious traffic accidents where Your City Car is involved can have an additional cost to the company, as well as impacting the company's reputation. Therefore, GreenMobility blocks its service to certain customers, in specific cases due to reckless driving and in others due to, for example, fraud through the registration process.

Aside from VY, GreenMobility has no large customers whose loss of ability to pay, could threaten the company. In 2019, the total loss on debtors was DKK 0.5 million. GreenMobility is able to limit its losses as customers are charged automatically after completing each trip. The new price structure offering more pre-paid minute packages will further secure GreenMobility from losses.

STRATEGISKE RISICI

GreenMobility's business concept is relatively new, and many potential employees do not have experience within car sharing. Due to this, there is a significant amount of "on-the job" training and teaching.

The car sharing market is new and many of the new operators consist of large car manufacturers who are better able to carry the losses linked with starting up. GreenMobility looks to address this by collaborating with partners who have large existing customer bases, so that the operations can quickly generate profit.

Expansion of and declining prices within public transport is not considered a threat to GreenMobility as car sharing complements a strong collective infrastructure. Provided that GreenMobility remains competitive, the increase of competitors on the market is not necessarily considered to be a negative factor for GreenMobility. A greater supply is expected to increase the likelihood of customers favoring a shared car over a private car.

The focus of reducing greenhouse gas emissions and particulate pollution, has resulted in many cities and regions offering subsidies to those who convert to an electric car. Due to this, we do not expect legislation to change in the short term to favor fossil fuel cars. However, legislations and taxation of cars that are in favor of diesel or petrol cars, will negatively affect GreenMobility.

In Copenhagen and Aarhus, GreenMobility has entered into financial leasing contracts for the fleets, which have been renewed in connection with any replacement of cars. GreenMobility covers the residual value of the cars and must therefore cover any differences at the end of the leasing period. GreenMobility's results are therefore dependent on the development of the used car price. At present, the book price is lower than the market price.

As GreenMobility is operating at a loss, the company depends on being able to raise capital. The obligations towards the leasing suppliers are guaranteed until May 2020 from the company's main shareholder, HICO group, which is owned by the company's founder and Head of Innovation, Henrik Isaksen.

STRATEGIC RISKS

GreenMobility's business concept is relatively new, and many potential employees do not have experience within car sharing. Due to this, there is a significant amount of "on-the job" training and teaching.

Udbygning af og en evt. faldende pris på offentlig transport skønnes ikke at være en trussel for GreenMobility, da delebilsmarkedet er nyt med nye operatører, heraf flere kapitalstærke bilproducenter, som kan bære større opstartsstab end GreenMobility. GreenMobility søger at imødegå dette ved at samarbejde med partnere med store eksisterende kundebaser, så driften hurtigt kan give overskud.

Grundet det generelle fokus på at begrænse udledningen af drivhusgasser og partikelforurening, tilbyder flere byer og regioner i øjeblikket tilskud eller tilskynder på anden vis en konvertering til elbiler. Af denne årsag forventer vi ikke på den korte bane, at lovgivningen vil blive ændret til fordel for fossile brændstofbiler, dog vil alle ændringer i lovgivningen og beskatningen af biler til fordel for benzin- og dieselmøretøjer påvirke GreenMobility negativt.

GreenMobility har indgået finansielle leasingkontrakter vedrørende flåden i København og Aarhus, og leasingkontrakter har været fornyet i forbindelse med udskiftning af biler. GreenMobility indestår for restværdien for bilerne, og skal derfor dække en eventuel difference og GreenMobility's resultat afhænger derfor af udviklingen i brugtvognsprisen. For nærværende er den bogførte værdi lavere end markedsprisen.

Da GreenMobility's drift giver underskud er selskabet afhængigt af at kunne fremskaffe kapital. Forpligtelserne overfor leasingleverandøren garanteres frem til maj 2020 af selskabets hovedaktionær, HICO Group, der ejes af selskabets stifter og Head of Innovation direktør Henrik Isaksen.

USIKKERHED VED INDREGNING OG MÅLING

Ledelsen vurderer at der ikke har været poster i årsregnskabet, der har været påvirket af væsentlig usikkerhed ved indregning og måling.

BEGIVENHEDER EFTER REGNSKABSÅRETS AFSLUTNING

Selskabets stifter og CEO er fra 1. januar 2020 skiftet til en ny rolle som Head of Innovation. Samtidigt er CEO for GreenMobility København A/S Thomas Heltborg Juul tiltrådt som Group CEO for GreenMobility A/S. Direktionen udgøres derudover af CFO Kasper Kolding og VP Investor Relations Anders Wall.

Selskabet har i januar 2020 offentliggjort planer om egen etablering i Wien i løbet af 2020 gennem et 100% ejet datterselskab.

UNCERTAINTIES IN FACTORING-IN AND MEASUREMENTS

Management estimates that there are no items in the financial statement that have been affected by significant uncertainty in factoring-in and measurements.

EVENTS AFTER THE FINANCIAL YEAR

The company's founder and CEO has, as of January 1, 2020, assumed a new role as Head of Innovation. The CEO of GreenMobility Copenhagen A/S Thomas Heltborg Juul, has assumed the role as Group CEO of GreenMobility A/S. Additionally, the executive management consists of our CFO, Kasper Kolding and our VP of Investor Relations, Anders Wall.

In January 2020, the company announced its plans to launch in Vienna in 2020, through a 100% owned company.

**"DET ER GENIALT AT MAN ALTID BARE KAN STILLE
BILEN, UDEN AT TÆNKE PÅ AT SKULLE HENTE DEN
IGEN, OG AT MAN ALTID BARE KAN TAGE EN ANDEN."**

**"IT'S GENIUS THAT YOU CAN PARK A CAR WITHOUT
HAVING TO THINK ABOUT PICKING IT UP AGAIN AND
THAT YOU CAN ALWAYS FIND ANOTHER CAR."**

Marlene Dehn



ESG

**REDUCING THE
AMOUNT OF
GREENHOUSE
GASSES**



**REDUCING
NOISE
POLLUTION**

**REDUCING
THE NUMBER
OF PRIVATE
CARS**

Med vores flåde af elbiler bidrager vi til en bæredygtig fremtid ved at reducere mængden af drivhusgasser der udledes i atmosfæren, støjforurening og antallet af private biler på gaden. Vi stræber dog ikke kun efter en bæredygtig service, men for bæredygtighed i alle aspekter af vores forretning.

Vi lever i en æra, hvor kunderne kræver, at virksomheder viser deres engagement i verdens velbefindende, og GreenMobility er begejstrede for at spille en aktiv rolle i dette. GreenMobility har taget betydelige skridt i vores forpligtelse til bæredygtighed ved at vedtage en CSR-politik, der er baseret på FNs Global Compacts ti principper, som dækker fire områder: menneskerettigheder, arbejdskraft, miljø og antikorruption. Fra 21. januar 2020 er vi deltagere i FNs Global Compact og dermed forpligtet til at implementere de ti principper i vores forretning, og at gå sammen med andre virksomheder for at arbejde mod globale mål.

Vores vision er at sikre, at vi samarbejder med ansvarlige leverandører og partnere, og at inspirere andre virksomheder til at forpligte sig til bæredygtig praksis. Desuden ønsker vi at være gennemsigtige overfor vores interesser. Vores bæredygtighedsinitiativ inkluderer rapportering om den reducerede mængde CO₂ fra vores biler, at få vores leverandører og partnere til at følge betingelserne i vores adfærdskodeks og introducere bæredygtig praksis i vores kontorer; såsom genbrug og energibesparende initiativer. Vi understøtter også flere af FNs mål for bæredygtig udvikling (SDG), som du kan læse mere om ved at besøge vores investorhjemmeside på:

<https://www.greenm.dk/investor/sustainability/>

Du kan også læse vores CSR-politik, adfærdskodeks for leverandører og vores Nasdaq ESG-offentliggørelsesformular på denne hjemmeside.

With our fleet of electric cars, we contribute to a sustainable future by reducing the amount of greenhouse gases emitted into the atmosphere, noise pollution and the number of private cars on the street. However, it is not just through our service that we aspire to be sustainable, but throughout all levels of our business.

We live in an era where customers demand businesses to show their commitment to the well-being of the world; and GreenMobility wants to be an active participant. GreenMobility has taken significant steps in our commitment to sustainability by adopting a CSR policy based on the UN Global Compact's Ten Principles covering the four issue areas: human rights, labor, environment and anti-corruption. As of January 21, 2020, we are participants of the UN Global Compact, committing to implement the ten principles into our business and unifying with other businesses to work towards global goals.

Our vision is to ensure that we are working with responsible suppliers and partners, and to inspire other businesses to commit to sustainable practices. Furthermore, we wish to be transparent with our stakeholders. Our sustainability initiative includes reporting on the amount of CO₂ our cars reduce, having our suppliers and partners agree to the terms in our code of conduct, and introducing sustainable practices into our offices; such as recycling, and energy saving initiatives. We also support several of the UN's Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) which you can read more about by visiting our investor website.

<https://www.greenm.dk/investor/sustainability/>

There, you can also read our CSR policy, code of conduct for suppliers and our Nasdaq ESG disclosure form.

DIREKTION

EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT



Thomas Heltborg Juul
CEO

Joined GreenMobility in 2017

Select experience:

CEO at Bello, Marketing director at Better Place, CEO and co-founder at Top1000.dk, Head of Marketing and Production at Børsen



Kasper Kolding
CFO/COO

Joined GreenMobility in 2019

Select experience:

CFO at Dansk Kabel TV, Business Finance Director at Falck, CFO at Telmore, Director of Controlling, Billing & Fraud (former Business Controller) at Telmore



Anders Wall
VP Investor Relations
Joined GreenMobility in 2017

Select experience:

CEO at Paradis, Chief Commercial Officer at Baresso Coffee, CEO and Chairman of the Board at Biomega, Head of Business Development at HTH



Henrik Isaksen
Founder & Head of Innovation
With GreenMobility since 2016

Select experience:

Chairman and co-owner at SIXT (Denmark), Co-founder at Clever (along with SEAS-NVE and SE, CEO and founder at Autolease, CEO and founder at Team Leasing

BESTYRELSE

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Søren Jespersen
Director of Board
Joined GreenMobility in 2019

Select experience:

Vice Chairman of the Board at Molslinjen, Board member at Copenhagen Malmø Port, COO at DFDS, Chairman of the Board at Danpilot, Senior Vice President at SAS



Arve Nilsson
Board Member
Joined GreenMobility in 2019

Select experience:

Chief Investment Officer at Følsgaard Invest, Chairman of the Board at Careteg Healthcare, Board of Directors at Dyal Capital Partners, Investment Manager Copenhagen at Carnegie



Per Møller Jensen
Board Member
Joined GreenMobility in 2018

Select experience:

Senior Vice President Brand & Marketing at Danske Bank, Vice President Brand, Marketing & Eurobonus at SAS, CEO and founder at Kliento



Claus Juhl
Director of Board
Joined GreenMobility in 2019

Select experience:

Co-Founder and chairman at DataFair, Founder & Director at Forskel, Chairman Business & Financial Affairs at Ministry of Industry & Finance, Founding Partner of Struensee & Co., CEO at Københavns Kommune



Mie Levi Fenger
Board Member
Joined GreenMobility in 2018

Select experience:

Strategy Principal at Simcorp, Senior Business Development Manager at Grundfos, Post-Merger Integration Manager at Enqua, Project Manager at Clever



Mikal Hallstrup
Board Member
Joined GreenMobility in 2019

Select experience:

Co-founder at bwd, President and Founder at Designit, Examiner & Strategic Advisor Advanced Product Design at Umeå University, Advisor in Industrial Design at Ingvar Kamprad Design Center

SELSKABSOPLYSNINGER

COMPANY DETAILS

Selskab

GreenMobility A/S
Landgreven 3, 4.
1301 København K

CVR-nr.: 35 52 15 85
Hjemstedskommune: København

Stiftelsesdato: 24.10.2013
Regnskabsår: 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019

Bestyrelse

Søren Jespersen, formand
Mie Levi Fenger
Arve Nilsson
Mikael Christian Hallstrup
Per Møller Jensen
Claus Schønemann Juhl

Direktion

Thomas Heltborg Juul, adm. direktør
Anders Wall
Henrik Keller Isaksen
Kasper Stenz Kolding

Revision

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Company

GreenMobility A/S
Landgreven 3, 4.
1301 København K

Business Registration No: 35 52 15 85
Registered in: Copenhagen, Denmark

Date of establishment: 24.10.2013
Financial year: 01.01.2019 to 31.12.2019

Board of Directors

Søren Jespersen, Chairman
Mie Levi Fenger
Arve Nilsson
Mikael Christian Hallstrup
Per Møller Jensen
Claus Schønemann Juhl

Executive Board

Thomas Heltborg Juul, Chief Executive Officer
Anders Wall
Henrik Keller Isaksen
Kasper Stenz Kolding

Company auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

LEDELSESPÅTEGNING

STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT ON THE ANNUAL REPORT

Bestyrelsen og direktionen har dags dato behandlet og godkendt årsrapporten for regnskabsåret 01.01. – 31.12.2019 med sammenligningstal for 01.01 – 31.12.2018 og 01.01 – 31.12.2017 for GreenMobility A/S.

Årsrapporten aflægges i overensstemmelse med International Financial Reporting Standards som godkendt af EU og yderligere krav i årsregnskabsloven for regnskabsklasse B med tilvalg af noteoplysninger gældende for regnskabsklasse C og D.

Det er vores opfattelse, at årsregnskabet giver et retvisende billede af selskabets aktiver, passiver og finansielle stilling pr. 31.12.2019, 31.12.2018 og 31.12.2017 samt af resultatet af selskabets aktiviteter og pengestrømme for regnskabsåret 01.01. - 31.12.2019 med sammenligningstal for 01.01 – 31.12.2018 og 01.01 – 31.12.2017.

Ledelsesberetningen indeholder efter vores opfattelse en retvisende redegørelse for de forhold, beretningen omhandler.

Årsrapporten indstilles til generalforsamlingens godkendelse.

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the Annual Report of Green-Mobility A/S for the financial year 01.01. to 31.12.2019, with comparative figures for the financial years 01.01. to 31.12.2018 and 01.01. to 31.12.2017.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act for reporting class B enterprises with addition of note disclosures applicable for reporting class C and D enterprises.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31.12.2019, 31.12.2018 and 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year 01.01. to 31.12.2019, with comparative figures for the financial years 01.01. to 31.12.2018 and 01.01. to 31.12.2017.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the Annual Report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

KØBENHAVN, DEN 27.02.2020 COPENHAGEN, 27.02.2020

DIREKTION EXECUTIVE BOARD

Thomas Heltborg Juul
Administrerende direktør
Chief Executive Officer

Anders Wall

Henrik Keller Isaksen

Kasper Stenz Kolding

BESTYRELSE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Søren Jespersen
Formand Chairman

Mie Levi Fenger

Arve Nilsson

Mikael Christian Hallstrup

Per Møller Jensen

Claus Schønemann Juhl

DEN UAFHÆNGIGE REVISORS REVISIONSPÅTEGNING

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TIL KAPITALEJERNE I GREENMOBILITY A/S

Konklusion

Vi har revideret årsregnskabet for GreenMobility A/S for regnskabsåret 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019 med sammenligningstal for 01.01 – 31.12.2018 og 01.01 – 31.12.2017, der omfatter resultatopgørelse, totalindkomstopgørelse, balance, egenkapitalopgørelse, pengestrømsopgørelse og noter, herunder anvendt regnskabspraksis. Årsregnskabet udarbejdes efter International Financial Reporting Standards som godkendt af EU og yderligere krav i årsregnskabsloven for regnskabsklasse B med tilvalg af noteoplysninger gældende for regnskabsklasse C og D.

Det er vores opfattelse, at årsregnskabet giver et retvisende billede af selskabets aktiver, passiver og finansielle stilling pr. 31.12.2019, 31.12.2018 og 31.12.2017 samt af resultatet af selskabets aktiviteter og pengestrømmen for regnskabsåret 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019 med sammenligningstal for 01.01 – 31.12.2018 og 01.01 – 31.12.2017 i overensstemmelse med International Financial Reporting Standards som godkendt af EU og yderligere krav i årsregnskabsloven for regnskabsklasse B med tilvalg af noteoplysninger gældende for regnskabsklasse C og D.

Grundlag for konklusion

Vi har udført vores revision i overensstemmelse med internationale standarder om revision og de yderligere krav, der er gældende i Danmark. Vores ansvar ifølge disse standarder og krav er nærmere beskrevet i revisionspåtegningens afsnit "Revisors ansvar for revisionen af årsregnskabet". Vi er uafhængige af selskabet i overensstemmelse med internationale etiske regler for revisorer (IESBA's Etiske regler) og de yderligere krav, der er gældende i Danmark, ligesom vi har opfyldt vores øvrige etiske forpligtelser i henhold til disse regler og krav. Det er vores opfattelse, at det opnåede revisionsbevis er tilstrækkeligt og egnet som grundlag for vores konklusion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GREENMOBILITY A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of GreenMobility A/S for the financial year 01.01.2019 to 31.12.2019, with comparative figures for the financial years 01.01. to 31.12.2018 and 01.01. to 31.12.2017, which comprise the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act for reporting class B enterprises with addition of note disclosures applicable for reporting class C and D enterprises.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019, 31.12.2018 and 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2019 to 31.12.2019 with comparative figures for the financial years 01.01. to 31.12.2018 and 01.01. to 31.12.2017 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act for reporting class B enterprises with addition of note disclosures applicable for reporting class C and D enterprises.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Væsentlig usikkerhed vedrørende fortsat drift

Vi gør opmærksom på oplysninger i note 3, hvoraf det fremgår, at selskabet er i en opstartsfasé og der budgetteres fremadrettet med underskud i en periode. Ledelsen arbejder på indenfor nærmeste fremtid at opnå tilslagn om tilførsel af kapital/likviditet til at sikre selskabets fremtidige drift mindst et år frem. Ledelsen har ved regnskabsaflæggelsen forudsat, at der tilføres tilstrækkelig kapital/likviditet, herunder kapital til at gennemføre selskabets planer for vækst. Som anført i note 3 indikerer dette, at der er en væsentlig usikkerhed, som kan skabe tvivl om selskabets evne til at fortsætte driften. Vores konklusion er ikke modificeret vedrørende dette forhold.

Udtalelse om ledelsesberetningen

Lejlsen er ansvarlig for ledelsesberetningen.

Vores konklusion om årsregnskabet omfatter ikke ledelsesberetningen, og vi udtrykker ingen form for konklusion med sikkerhed om ledelsesberetningen.

I tilknytning til vores revision af årsregnskabet er det vores ansvar at læse ledelsesberetningen og i den forbindelse overveje, om ledelsesberetningen er væsentligt inkonsistent med årsregnskabet eller vores viden opnået ved revisionen eller på anden måde synes at indeholde væsentlig fejlinformation.

Vores ansvar er derudover at overveje, om ledelsesberetningen indeholder krævede oplysninger i henhold til årsregnskabsloven.

Baseret på det udførte arbejde er det vores opfattelse, at ledelsesberetningen er i overensstemmelse med årsregnskabet og er udarbejdet i overensstemmelse med årsregnskabslovens krav. Vi har ikke fundet væsentlig fejlinformation i ledelsesberetningen.

Ledelsens ansvar for årsregnskabet

Lejlsen har ansvaret for udarbejdelsen af et årsregnskab, der giver et retvisende billede i overensstemmelse med International Financial Reporting Standards som godkendt af EU og yderligere krav i årsregnskabsloven for regnskabsklasse B med tilvalg af noteoplysninger gældende for regnskabsklasse C og D. Lejlsen har endvidere ansvaret for den interne kontrol, som lejlsen anser for nødvendig for at udarbejde et årsregnskab uden væsentlig fejlinformation, uanset om denne skyldes besvigelser eller fejl.

Ved udarbejdelsen af årsregnskabet er lejlsen ansvarlig for at vurdere selskabets evne til at fortsætte driften, at oplyse om forhold vedrørende fortsat drift, hvor dette er relevant, samt at udarbejde årsregnskabet på grundlag af regnskabsprincippet om fortsat drift, medmindre lejlsen enten har til hensigt at likvidere selskabet, indstille driften eller ikke har andet realistisk alternativ end at gøre dette.

Material uncertainty related to going concern

We refer to the information in Note 3, stating that the Company is in a start-up phase and that the forecast shows losses for a period ahead. Management is working on obtaining commitments in the near future to provide capital/cash to ensure the Company's future operation as a going concern at least one year ahead. In the presentation of the financial statements, Management has assumed that sufficient capital/cash will be provided, including capital to realise the Company's growth plans. As stated in Note 3, this indicates that a material uncertainty exists that may cast doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion has not been modified with respect to this matter.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act for reporting class B enterprises with addition of note disclosures applicable for reporting class C and D enterprises, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Revisors ansvar for revisionen

af årsregnskabet

Vores mål er at opnå høj grad af sikkerhed for, om årsregnskabet som helhed er uden væsentlig fejlinformation, uanset om denne skyldes besvigelser eller fejl, og at afgive en revisionspåtegning med en konklusion. Høj grad af sikkerhed er et højt niveau af sikkerhed, men er ikke en garanti for, at en revision, der udføres i overensstemmelse med internationale standarder om revision og de yderligere krav, der er gældende i Danmark, altid vil afdække væsentlig fejlinformation, når sådan findes. Fejlinformation kan opstå som følge af besvigelser eller fejl og kan betragtes som væsentlige, hvis det med rimelighed kan forventes, at de enkeltvis eller samlet har indflydelse på de økonomiske beslutninger, som regnskabsbrugerne træffer på grundlag af årsregnskabet.

Som led i en revision, der udføres i overensstemmelse med internationale standarder om revision og de yderligere krav, der er gældende i Danmark, foretager vi faglige vurderinger og opretholder professionel skepsis under revisionen. Herudover:

- Identificerer og vurderer vi risikoen for væsentlig fejlinformation i årsregnskabet, uanset om denne skyldes besvigelser eller fejl, udformer og udfører revisionshandlinger som reaktion på disse risici samt opnår revisionsbevis, der er tilstrækkeligt og egnet til at danne grundlag for vores konklusion. Risikoen for ikke at opdage væsentlig fejlinformation forårsaget af besvigelser er højere end ved væsentlig fejlinformation forårsaget af fejl, idet besvigelser kan omfatte sammenværgelser, dokumentfalsk, bevidste udeladelser, vildledning eller tilsidesættelse af intern kontrol.
- Opnår vi forståelse af den interne kontrol med relevans for revisionen for at kunne udforme revisionshandlinger, der er passende efter omstændighederne, men ikke for at kunne udtrykke en konklusion om effektiviteten af selskabets interne kontrol.
- Tager vi stilling til, om den regnskabspraksis, som er anvendt af ledelsen, er passende, samt om de regnskabsmæssige skøn og tilknyttede oplysninger, som ledelsen har udarbejdet, er rimelige.
- Konkluderer vi, om ledelsens udarbejdelse af årsregnskabet på grundlag af regnskabsprincippet om fortsat drift er passende, samt om der på grundlag af det opnåede revisionsbevis er væsentlig usikkerhed forbundet med begivenheder eller forhold, der kan skabe betydelig tvivl om selskabets evne til at fortsætte driften. Hvis vi konkluderer, at der er en væsentlig usikkerhed, skal vi i vores revisionspåtegning gøre opmærksom på oplysninger herom i årsregnskabet eller, hvis sådanne oplysninger ikke er tilstrækkelige, modificere vores konklusion. Vores konklusioner er baseret på det revisions-

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events and conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the

bevis, der er opnået frem til datoens for vores revisionspåtegning. Fremtidige begivenheder eller forhold kan dog medføre, at selskabet ikke længere kan fortsætte driften.

- Tager vi stilling til den samlede præsentation, struktur og indhold af årsregnskabet, herunder noteoplysningserne, samt om årsregnskabet afspejler de underliggende transaktioner og begivenheder på en sådan måde, at der gives et retvisende billede heraf.

Vi kommunikerer med den øverste ledelse om bl.a. det planlagte omfang og den tidsmæssige placering af revisionen samt betydelige revisionsmæssige observationer, herunder eventuelle betydelige mangler i intern kontrol, som vi identificerer under revisionen.

audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

KØBENHAVN, DEN 27.02.2020 COPENHAGEN, 27.02.2020

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR-nr. 33 96 35 56

CVR. no 33 96 35 56

Bjørn Würtz Rosendal

statsautoriseret revisor

State-Authorised Public Accountant

mne40039

Eskild Nørregaard Jakobsen

statsautoriseret revisor

State-Authorised Public Accountant

mne11681

REGNSKAB

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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The English text in this document is an unofficial translation of the Danish original. In the event of any inconsistencies, the Danish version shall apply.

Please note that Danish decimal and digit grouping symbols have been used in the financial statements.

RESULTATOPGØRELSE**INCOME STATEMENT**

DKK'000		Note	Notes	2019	2018	2017
Nettoomsætning	Revenue	4		35.335	27.252	14.212
Andre driftsindtægter	Other operating income	5		2.258	200	0
Eksterne omkostninger	External expenses	6		(36.910)	(29.320)	(24.354)
Bruttoresultat	Gross profit/loss			683	(1.868)	(10.142)
Personaleomkostninger	Staff costs	7		(21.133)	(20.211)	(13.956)
Af- og nedskrivninger	Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses	8		(8.137)	(7.047)	(7.447)
Indtægter af kapitalandele i tilknyttede virksomheder	Income from investment in subsidiaries			0	0	0
Andre driftsomkostninger	Other operating expenses	9		0	0	(539)
Driftsresultat	Operating profit/loss			(28.587)	(29.126)	(32.084)
Finansielle omkostninger	Financial expenses			(1.302)	(1.153)	(1.364)
Resultat før skat	Profit/loss before tax	10		(29.889)	(30.279)	(33.448)
Skat af årets resultat	Tax on profit/loss for the year	11		0	(2.836)	2.845
Årets resultat	Profit/loss for the year			(29.889)	(33.115)	(30.603)
Forslag til resultatdisponering		Proposed distribution of profit/loss				
Overført resultat	Retained earnings			(29.889)	(33.115)	(30.603)
Resultat pr. aktie*	Basic earnings per share*	12		(16,81)	(19,87)	(20,72)
Udvandet resultat pr. aktie*	Diluted earnings per share*	12		(16,70)	(19,87)	(20,72)

TOTALINDKOMSTOPGØRELSE**STATEMENT OF
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

DKK'000	Note	Notes	2019	2018	2017
Årets resultat	Profit/loss for the year		(29.889)	(33.115)	(30.603)
Anden totalindkomst	Other comprehensive income		0	0	0
Totalindkomst	Comprehensive income		(29.889)	(33.115)	(30.603)
<hr/>					
Fordeling af totalindkomst	Distribution of comprehensive income				
Overført resultat	Retained earnings		(29.889)	(33.115)	(30.603)

BALANCE SHEET

DKK'000		Note	Notes	31.12 2019	31.12 2018	31.12 2017
Erhvervet software	Software acquired	13		598	270	505
Immaterielle anlægsaktiver	Intangible assets			598	270	505
Grunde og bygninger	Land and buildings	14		6.401	0	0
Biler	Cars	15		53.588	35.688	43.253
Materielle anlægsaktiver	Property, plant and equipment			59.989	35.688	43.253
Deposita	Deposits			1.041	286	241
Kapitalandele i tilknyttede virksomheder	Investments in subsidiaries	16		435	0	0
Finansielle anlægsaktiver	Fixed asset investments			1.476	286	241
Anlægsaktiver	Non-current assets			62.063	36.244	43.999
Varebeholdninger	Inventories			209	0	0
Tilgodehavender fra salg af tjenesteydelser	Trade receivables	17		5.248	2.839	764
Tilgodehavende fra tilknyttede virksomheder	Receivables from group enterprises	23		267	499	722
Andre tilgodehavender	Other receivables	16		2.200	244	123
Tilgodehavende sambeskatningsbidrag	Joint taxation contribution receivable	23		0	0	2.845
Periodeafgrænsningsposter	Prepayments and accrued income			186	1.455	304
Tilgodehavender	Receivables			7.901	5.037	4.758
Likvide beholdninger	Cash at bank and in hand			28.292	1.560	31.913
Omsætningsaktiver	Current assets			36.402	6.597	36.671
Aktiver	Assets			98.465	42.841	80.670

BALANCE SHEET

DKK'000		Note	Notes	31.12 2019	31.12 2018	31.12 2017
Aktiekapital	Share capital	18		955	667	667
Overført resultat	Retained earnings			29.114	(3.276)	29.839
Egenkapital	Equity			30.069	(2.609)	30.506
Leasingforpligtelser	Lease liabilities	19		33.943	29.118	37.907
Langfristede gældsforspligtelser	Non-current liabilities			33.943	29.118	37.907
Leasingforpligtelser	Lease liabilities	19		26.283	8.396	8.261
Leverandørgæld	Trade payables			3.404	5.433	1.229
Gæld til tilknyttede virksomheder	Payables to group enterprises	23		0	1	187
Anden gæld	Other payables	20		3.749	2.502	2.580
Periodeafgrænsningsposter	Deferred income			1.017	0	0
Kortfristede gældsforspligtelser	Current liabilities			34.453	16.332	12.257
Gældsforspligtelser	Liabilities			68.396	45.450	50.164
Passiver	Equity and liabilities			98.465	42.841	80.670
Kautions- og eventualforspligtelser samt kontraktlige forspligtelser	Recourse guarantee commitments, contingent liabilities and contractual obligations		21			
Nærtstående parter	Related parties		23			
Øvrige noter, herunder anvendt regnskabspraksis	Other notes, including the summary of significant accounting policies		1-3, 24-27			

EGENKAPITALOPGØRELSE**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

DKK'000		Note	Notes	Aktie- kapital Share capita	Overført resultat Re- tained earnings	I alt Total
Egenkapital 01.01.2017	Equity at 01.01.2017			500	(29)	471
Kapitalforhøjelse	Capital increase			167	62.333	62.500
Omkostninger forbundet med kapitalforhøjelse	Expenses related to capital increase			0	(1.862)	(1.862)
Årets resultat	Profit/loss for the year			0	(30.603)	(30.603)
Anden totalindkomst	Other comprehensive income			0	0	0
Egenkapital 31.12.2017	Equity at 31.12.2017			667	29.839	30.506
Egenkapital 01.01.2018	Equity at 01.01.2018			667	29.839	30.506
Årets resultat	Profit/loss for the year			0	(33.115)	(33.115)
Anden totalindkomst	Other comprehensive income			0	0	0
Egenkapital 31.12.2018	Equity at 31.12.2018			667	(3.276)	(2.609)
Egenkapital 01.01.2019	Equity at 01.01.2019			667	(3.276)	(2.609)
Kapitalforhøjelse	Capital increase			289	67.211	67.500
Omkostninger forbundet med kapitalforhøjelse	Expenses related to capital increase			0	(4.932)	(4.932)
Årets resultat	Profit/loss for the year			0	(29.889)	(29.889)
Anden totalindkomst	Other comprehensive income			0	0	0
Egenkapital 31.12.2019	Equity at 31.12.2019			955	29.114	30.069

PENGESTRØMSOPGØRELSE**CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

DKK'000	Note	Notes	2019	2018	2017
Driftsresultat		Operating profit/loss	(28.587)	(29.126)	(32.084)
Af- og nedskrivninger		Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses	8.137	7.047	7.447
Afgang af erhvervet software		Disposal of software acquired	0	0	539
Ændring i driftskapital		Working capital changes	22	(2.838)	815
Betalt skat		Income tax paid		0	0
Pengestrømme vedrørende drift		Cash flows from operating activities	(23.288)	(21.264)	(22.587)
Køb af software		Software acquired		(561)	(5)
Etablering af datterselskaber		Establishment of subsidiaries		(435)	0
Betaling af deposita		Deposits paid		(755)	(45)
Pengestrømme vedrørende investeringer		Cash flows from investing activities	(1.751)	(50)	(295)
Betalte finansielle omkostninger		Financial expenses paid		(1.302)	(507)
Betalte afdrag, leasingforpligtelser		Lease repayments made, lease liabilities	22	(9.532)	(8.532)
Modtaget tilskud fra Energistyrelsen		Grant received from the Danish Energy Agency		0	0
Kapitalforhøjelse		Capital increase		67.500	62.500
Omkostninger forbundet med kapitalforhøjelsen indregnet over egenkapitalen		Expenses related to capital increase, recognised in equity		(4.932)	0
Modtaget finansiering fra tilknyttede virksomheder		Funding received from group enterprises		37	0
Pengestrømme vedrørende finansiering		Cash flows from financing activities	51.771	(9.039)	51.410
Ændring i likvider		Increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents	26.732	(30.353)	28.528
Likvider 01.01.		Cash and cash equivalents at 01.01.		1.560	31.913
Likvider 31.12.		Cash and cash equivalents at 31.12.	28.292	1.560	31.913

NOTER

1. Anvendt regnskabspraksis

Årsrapporten for GreenMobility A/S for 2019 er aflagt i overensstemmelse med International Financial Reporting Standards, som er godkendt af EU og yderligere krav i årsregnskabsloven for regnskabsklasse B med tilvalg af noteoplysninger gældende for regnskabsklasse C og D.

Den anvendte regnskabspraksis fremgår i sin helhed af note 27.

Effekten af ny regnskabsregulering

Selskabet vurderer løbende effekten af nye IFRS-regnskabsstandarder og fortolkningsbidrag og implementerer nye regnskabsstandarder og fortolkningsbidrag senest, når de bliver obligatoriske.

Selskabet har implementeret nye og ændrede IFRS-standarer samt fortolkningsbidrag for 2019, som træder i kraft for regnskabsår, der begynder 1. januar 2019 eller senere:

- IFRS 16, Leasing
- IFRIC 23, Usikkerhed ved opgørelse af skattepligtig indkomst

Implementeringen af IFRS 16 om leasing har medført ændringer, som er beskrevet nedenfor. Øvrige nye og ændrede standarder har ikke medført ændringer i anvendt regnskabspraksis.

Implementering af IFRS 16

GreenMobility har med virkning fra 01.01.2019 implementeret IFRS 16 Leasing. Påvirkning på årets tal ved implementeringen af IFRS 16 fremgår nedenfor. IFRS 16 Leasing har afløst den gældende standard om leasing, IAS 17. IFRS 16 medfører, at stort set alle leasingaftaler skal indregnes i balancen i leasingtagers regnskab i form af en leasingforpligtelse og et aktiv, som repræsenterer leasingtagers ret til at bruge det underliggende aktiv. Der skelnes således ikke længere mellem operationel og finansiell leasing.

NOTES

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The Annual Report 2019 of GreenMobility A/S is presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act for reporting class B enterprises with addition of note disclosures applicable for reporting class C and D enterprises.

The accounting policies as a whole are disclosed in Note 27.

The effect of new financial reporting regulations

The Company regularly evaluates the effect of any new International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and Interpretations and implements such Standards and Interpretations from their mandatory effective date at the latest.

The Company has implemented new or amended IFRSs and Interpretations for 2019, which become effective for financial year starting January 1, 2019 or later:

- IFRS 16, Leasing
- IFRIC 23, Uncertainty of statement of taxable income

Implementation of IFRS 16 Leasing have resulted in the changes, described below. Other new and modified standards has not resulted in any changes in the accounting policies.

Implementation of IFRS 16

GreenMobility has as of 01.01.2019 implemented IFRS 16 Leases. The effect on the figures for the year from the implementation of IFRS 16 is presented below. IFRS 16 Leases replaces the existing standard for leases, IAS 17. IFRS 16 results in almost all lease agreements having to be recognised in the balance sheet in lessees' financial statements as a lease liability and an asset which presents the lessee's right of use of the underlying asset. So there is no longer any distinction between operational and financial leases.

NOTER

1. Anvendt regnskabspraksis (fortsat)

Metode anvendt ved implementeringen af IFRS 16

GreenMobility har anvendt den modificerede retrospektive overgangsmetode, hvorved sammenligningstal ikke tilpasses, retten til at bruge det underliggende aktiv indregnes med en værdi svarende til nutidsværdien pr. 01.01.2019 af de fremtidige leasingbetalinger og hvor en eventuel effekt af implementeringen indregnes i egenkapitalen under overført resultat pr. 01.01.2019. Herudover er anvendt følgende tilgængelige lempelser ved implementeringen af IFRS 16:

- Selskabet har ikke revideret om en kontrakt indgået før 01.01.2019 indeholder en leasingaftale, hvor vurderingen af hvorvidt kontrakten indeholder en leasingaftale, under tidligere regnskabspraksis, var foretaget i overensstemmelse med IAS 17 og IFRIC 4
- Leasingaftale med en restløbetid pr. 01.01.2019 på under 12 måneder er ikke indregnet
- Direkte omkostninger ved indgåelse af leasingaftaler indgået før 01.01.2019 er ikke indregnet i leasingaktivet
- Leasingaktiver vedr. aktiver med lav værdi indregnes ikke
- Diskonteringssatsen er opgjort samlet for porteføljer af leasingaftaler med ens karakteristika.

Afstemning mellem åbningsbalancen for leasingforpligtelserne pr. 01.01.2019 og de operationelle leasingforpligtelser pr. 31.12.2018:

Effekt af implementeringen af IFRS 16, Leasing:

DKK'000

Operationelle leasingforpligtelser 31.12.2018	Operationel lease liabilities at 31.12.2018	382
Udnyttelse af lempelse vedr. korttidsleasingaftaler	Use of relaxation provisions regarding short-term lease agreements	(382)
Leasingforpligtelse pr. 01.01.2019	Lease liability at 01.01.2019	0
Finansielle leasingforpligtelser pr. 31.12.2018	Finance lease liabilities at 31.12.2018	37.514
Leasingforpligtelse pr. 01.01.2019	Lease liability at 31.12.2019	37.514

NOTES

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Method used for implementation of IFRS 16

GreenMobility have applied the modified retro perspective transition method where comparativeson figures are not adjusted, the righ to use the underlying asset is recognised at a value corresponding to the present value as of 01.01.2019 of the future lease payments and any effect of implementation isare recognised inunder equity as retained earningsprofit/loss for the year ats 01.01.2019. Additionally, applied the following relaxation provisions have been applied in available facilitation of the implementation of IFRS 16:

- The Company has not reevaluated if a contract entered before January 1, 2019 contains a lease agreement where the considerations as to whether the contract contained a lease agreement under the former accounting policy had been performed in accordance with IAS 17 and IFRIC 4.
- Lease agreements with a remaining term at 01.01.2019 of less than 12 months are not recognised
- Direct costs for entering into lease agreements before 01.01.2019 are not recognised in the lease asset
- Lease assets regarding asset with low value is not recognised
- Discount rate is measured as a total for all leasing agreements with common characteristics.

Reconciliation between opening balance of the lease liabilities at 01.01.2019 and the operational lease liabilities at 31.12.2018:

Effect of implementation of IFRS 16 Leases

NOTER

2. Usikkerheder og skøn

I forbindelse med den praktiske anvendelse af den beskrevne regnskabspraksis foretager ledelsen væsentlige regnskabsmæssige skøn og vurderinger, der kan have en betydelig indflydelse på årsrapportens aktiver og forpligtelser på balancedagen. Ledelsen baserer sine skøn på historiske erfaringer samt en række andre forudsætninger, der vurderes at være rimelige under de givne omstændigheder. Resultatet heraf danner grundlaget for de rapporterede regnskabsmæssige værdier af aktiver og forpligtelser samt for de rapporterede indtægter og omkostninger, som ikke umiddelbart fremgår af andet dokumentationsmateriale. De faktisk realiserede resultater kan afvige fra disse skøn indregnet pr. balancedagen. Følgende regnskabsmæssige skøn vurderes at være væsentlige for regnskabet:

Materielle anlægsaktiver

I forbindelse med indregning af leasede aktiver foretager ledelsen skøn over leasingperioden, herunder om det er rimeligt sikkert, at selskabet vil udnytte forlængelsesoptioener, og om det er rimeligt sikkert, at selskabet vil udnytte eventuelle køberettigheder til det leasede aktiv efter lejepериодens udløb. Derudover vurderer ledelsen, om der er behov for nedskrivning af indregnede aktiver på balancedagen ud fra en vurdering af aktivernes værdi, som udgøres af det højeste af dagsværdi fratrukket salgsomkostninger og kapitalværdi. Vedrørende leasede biler har selskabets ledelse foretaget en vurdering af bilernes værdi baseret på observerbare udbudspriser på biler. Da dagsværdi fratrukket salgsomkostninger ikke giver indikationer på nedskrivningsbehov, har selskabet ikke skønnet over kapitalværdien. På baggrund af denne vurdering er der ikke foretaget en detaljeret nedskrivningstest af værdien af indregnede biler. Den regnskabsmæssige værdi af leasede biler pr. 31.12.2019 udgør 53,6 mio.kr. (35,7 mio.kr pr. 31.12.2018 og 43,3 mio.kr. pr. 31.12.2017).

NOTES

2. Uncertainties and estimates

In relation to the practical application of the accounting policies described, Management has made material accounting estimates and assessments which may have a significant influence of the Annual Report's assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and a number of assumptions which are assessed as being reasonable in the circumstances. The result thereof forms the basis of the reported carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and of the reported income and expenses which are not directly disclosed in other documentation. Actual results realised may vary from these estimates recognised at the balance sheet date. The following accounting estimates are considered significant to the financial statements:

Property, plant, and equipment

In connection with recognition of leased assets Management makes an assessment of the lease term, including whether it is reasonable certain that options to extend the lease will be exercised and whether it is reasonable certain that purchase options after expiry of the lease term will be exercised. Furthermore, Management consider the need for write down of recognized assets at the balance sheet date for impairment based on an estimate of the value of the assets which is the higher of fair value net of selling costs and value in use. In respect of leased cars Management has assessed the values of the cars based on observable asking prices of cars. As the fair value net of selling costs does not involve any indication of impairment, the Company has not estimated the value in use. Based on this assessment, a detailed impairment review of the carrying amount of recognized cars has not been carried out. The carrying amount of leased cars as at 31.12.2019 is DKK 53.6m (DKK 35.7m at 31.12.2018 and DKK 43.3m at 31.12.2017).

NOTER

3. Going concern

Da selskabet er i en opstartsfasé, realiseres underskud, og der budgetteres fremadrettet fortsat med underskud i en periode.

Selskabets ledelse arbejder med konkrete planer for at opnå tilstrækkelig finansiering af selskabets vækst og drift, herunder gennemførsel af en kapitalforhøjelse, som skal sikre, at selskabet kan realisere planerne for det kommende regnskabsår.

Det er på baggrund heraf ledelsens vurdering, at selskabets likviditetsberedskab, såfremt de planlagte initiativer for tilførsel af kapital gennemføres, er tilstrækkeligt til at sikre selskabets fremtidige drift mindst et år frem, således at årsregnskabet aflægges med fortsat drift for øje.

NOTES

3. Going concern

Since the Company is in a start up phase, realised loss and budgetting with loss for a period going forward.

Management is working on specific plans to obtain sufficient funding of the Company's growth and operations, including the execution of a capital increase that is to help ensure that the Company will be able to realise its plans for the financial year ahead.

Based on this, Management considers the Company's cash resources, if the planned initiatives to provide capital are implemented, to be sufficient to ensure its future operations at least one year ahead so as to present the financial statements on a going concern basis.

4. Nettoomsætning

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Omsætning, egne biler	Revenue from own cars	33.421	25.306	14.212
Indtægter fra franchise, herunder videresalg af hardware	Income from franchising agreements, including resale of hardware	1.913	1.826	0
Øvrig omsætning	Other revenue	0	120	0
		35.335	27.252	14.212

Omsætning er fordelt geografisk med 33.421 t.kr. hidrørende fra aktiviteter i Danmark og 1.913 t.kr. hidrørende fra aktiviteter i Norge (franchise). Selskabet har ikke aktiver lokalisert uden for Danmark på balancedagen.

Revenue is broken down by geographical markets with DKK 33,421k arising from activities in Denmark and DKK 1,913k arising from activities in Norway (franchise agreement). The Company does not have assets located outside Denmark at the balance sheet date.

NOTER

NOTES

5. Andre driftsindtægter

5. Other operating income

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Engangsdriftstilskud	Non-recurring operating grants	2.258	200	0
		2.258	200	0

6. Eksterne omkostninger

6. External expenses

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Autodrift	Operating expenses of cars	26.628	19.129	12.133
Salgsomkostninger	Selling costs	3.556	3.387	2.446
Lokaleomkostninger	Costs of premises	687	627	634
Administrationsomkostninger	Administrative expenses	6.039	6.177	3.556
Omkostninger relateret til börsnotering	IPO expenses	0	0	7.447
Heraf ført via egenkapitalen	Of this, recognised in equity	0	0	(1.862)
		36.910	29.320	24.345

NOTER

NOTES

7. Personaleomkostninger

7. Staff costs

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Gager og lønninger	Salaries and wages	20.051	18.858	13.337
Pensioner (bidragsbaserede)	Defined contribution plans	1.060	965	437
Andre omkostninger til social sikring	Other social security costs	22	388	182
		21.133	20.211	13.956
Gennemsnitligt antal medarbejdere	Gross profit/loss	47	45	41

DKK'000		Bestyrelse Board of Directors			Direktion Executive Board			Andre ledende medarbejdere Other management employees		
		2019	2018	2017	2019	2018	2017	2019	2018	2017
		Bestyrelses- honorar	Director's remuneration	400	400	400	-	-	-	-
Løn og gager	Wages and salaries	-	-	-	3.640	2.960	2.060	2.211	2.108	1.134
Bidragsbaserede pensionsordninger	Defined contribution plans	-	-	-	185	197	137	147	141	71
		400	400	400	3.825	3.157	2.197	2.358	2.249	1.205

Med det formål at motivere og fastholde nøglemedarbejdere samt tilskynde til opnåelse af fælles mål for medarbejdere, ledelse og aktionærer har selskabet etableret et aktiebaseret aflønningsprogram i form af en aktieoptionsordning for direktionsmedlemmer, øvrige ledende medarbejdere samt andre nøglemedarbejdere.

Ordningen, der alene kan udnyttes ved køb af de pågældende aktier (egenkapitalordning), giver ret til at købe et antal aktier til en forud aftalt pris. Retten til optionerne optjenes lineært over en periode på 2 år fra tildelingsdatoen.

Udviklingen i udestående aktieoptioner kan specificeres således:

For purposes of motivating and retaining key staff and encouraging the achievement of common objectives for staff, management and shareholders, the Company has set up a share-based remuneration programme in the form of a share option scheme for members of the Executive Board, other management employees and other key staff.

The scheme which may be used only to purchase the shares in question (equity-settled share-based payment arrangement) entitles staff members to purchase a number of shares at a previously set price. The right to the options vests linear over a two-year period from the grant date.

The development in outstanding share options can be specified as follows:

NOTER**NOTES****7. Personaleomkostninger (fortsat)****7. Staff costs (continued)**

DKK'000		2019 Antal aktie- optioner Number of share options
Udestående aktieoptioner 01.01.	Outstanding share options at 01.01.	0
Tildelt i regnskabsåret	Granted during the financial year	35.400
Udnyttet i regnskabsåret	Exercised during the financial year	0
Udløbet i regnskabsåret	Expired during the financial year	0
Udestående aktieoptioner 31.12.	Outstanding share options at 31.12.	35.400

Tildelingen sammensætter sig således:

The grant is composed as follows:

DKK'000		Antal aktie- optioner Number of share options	Udløbs dato Expiry date	Udnyttelser- kurs Exercise price	Dagsværdi på tildelings- tidspunkt Fair value at grant date
Tildelt 18.11.2019	Granted on 18.11.2019	35.400	11.12.2024	93,8	28,8

De skønnede dagsværdier på tildelingstidspunktet er opgjort ved anvendelse af Black Scholes-modellen til værdiansættelse af optioner. Værdiansættelsen er baseret på følgende forudsætninger:

The estimated fair values at the granting date were calculated applying the Black Scholes model for valuation of options. The valuation is based on the following assumptions:

NOTER

NOTES

7. Personaleomkostninger (fortsat)

7. Staff costs (continued)

DKK'000		2019 19.11.
Aktiekurs på tildelingstidspunktet (kr. pr. aktie)	Share price at grant date (DKK per share)	96,0
Udnyttelseskurs (kr. pr. aktie)	Exercise price (DKK per share)	93,8
Forventet volatilitet (%)	Expected volatility (%)	33,4
Risikofri rente (%)	Risk-free interest rate (%)	0
Forventet udnytterate (%)	Expected dividend rate (%)	0
Periode til udløb (antal år)	Period to maturity (number of years)	5

Den forventede volatilitet er opgjort ud fra den historiske volatilitet på aktiekurserne for moderselskabets aktier set over de seneste 12 måneder. Periode til udløb er opgjort ud fra den senest mulige udnyttelse af aktieoptionen.

Der er ikke indregnet omkostning vedrørende aktiebaseret aflønning i 2019, da effekten er vurderet uvæsentlig.

Andre ledende medarbejdere udgøres af:

- Kasper Suhr Larsen (CTO)
- Thomas Heltborg Juul (CMO)
- Christina Carpens (COO) Fratrådt i 2019

Torben Andersen og Søren Kovsted er fratrådt direktionen i 2019 og pr. 31.12.2019 udgøres direktionen af Henrik Isaksen, Anders Wall og Kasper Kolding. Henrik Isaksen er pr. 01.01.2020 fratrådt som administrerende direktør og Thomas Heltborg Juul er tiltrådt som administrerende direktør. Henrik Isaksen er tiltrådt en stilling som Head of Innovation.

Ingen af direktionsmedlemmerne eller andre ledende medarbejdere er pr. 31.12.2019 omfattet af bonusordninger udover ovennævnte warrantprogramme eller har ret til fratrædelsesgodtgørelser for perioder udover, hvad der må betragtes som normal opsigelsesperiode for en direktør.

The expected volatility is calculated based on the historical volatility of the share price of the Parent's shares seen over the past twelve months. The period to maturity is calculated based on the latest possible exercise of the share option.

The loss for 2019 is not affected by the grant as the effect is deemed immaterial.

Other management employees are:

- Kasper Suhr Larsen (CTO)
- Thomas Heltborg Juul (CMO)
- Christina Carpens (COO) Fratrådt i 2019

In 2019, Torben Andersen and Søren Kovsted stepped down from the Executive Board, and on 31.12.2019 the Executive Board is composed of Henrik Isaksen, Anders Wall and Kasper Kolding. Effective from 01.01.2020, Henrik Isaksen has stepped down as Chief Executive Officer, and Thomas Heltborg Juul has taken up this position. Henrik Isaksen has been appointed Head of Innovation.

At 31.12.2019, none of the Executive Board members or any other management employees participate in bonus plans other than the above warrant programme or are entitled to termination benefits for periods other than what must be considered a normal notice period for an executive officer.

NOTER

NOTES

8. Af- og nedskrivninger

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Afskrivning af biler	Depreciation of cars	6.866	6.807	7.018
Afskrivning af grunde og bygninger	Depreciation of land and buildings	1.039	0	0
Afskrivning af software	Amortisation of software	232	240	429
		8.137	7.047	7.447

9. Andre driftsomkostninger

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Afgang af erhvervet software	Disposal of software acquired	0	0	539
		0	0	539

10. Finansielle omkostninger

10. Financial expenses

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Finansielle omkostninger til tilknyttede virksomheder	Financial expenses for group enterprises	0	0	1
Finansielle omkostninger vedrørende finansiel leasing	Financial expenses regarding finance leases	738	749	903
Andre finansielle omkostninger	Other financial expenses	322	171	181
Garantiprovision til moderselskab og tilknyttede virksomheder	Guarantee commission to Parent and group enterprises	242	233	279
Renteudgifter til finansielle forpligtelser, der ikke måles til dagsværdi gennem resultatopgørelsen	Interest expenses for financial liabilities not measured at fair value through profit and loss	1.302	1.153	1.364

NOTER

NOTES

11. Skat af årets resultat

11. Tax on profit/loss for the year

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Aktuel skat	Current tax	0	0	(2.845)
Ændring i udskudt skat	Change in deferred tax	(6.567)	(6.653)	(3.195)
Tilbageførsel af indregnet sambeskætningsbidrag	Reversal of joint taxation contribution recognised	0	2.836	0
		(6.567)	(3.788)	(6.040)
Ikke indregnet udskudt skat, jf. nedenfor	Non-recognised deferred tax, refer to below	6.567	6.653	3.195
		0	2.836	(2.845)
Beregnet skat af resultat før skat, 22%	Tax computed on profit/loss before tax, 22%	(6.576)	(6.661)	(7.359)
Skatteeffekt af ikke-fradragsberettigede poster	Tax effect of non-deductible items	9	8	1.287
		(6.567)	(6.653)	(6.072)
Heraf ikke indregnet skattemæssigt underskud	Of this, non-recognised tax loss	6.567	6.653	3.227
Tilbageførsel af indregnet sambeskætningsbidrag	Reversal of joint taxation contribution recognised	0	2.836	0
		0	2.836	(2.845)
Effektiv skatteprocent (%)	Effective tax rate (%)	0,0	(9,4)	42,8

Selskabets skattemæssige underskud for 2019 forventes ikke anvendt i den sambeskætning, som selskabet indgår i, hvorfor årets aktuelle skat er 0 kr.

The Company's tax loss for 2018 is not expected to be utilised under the joint taxation arrangement that the Company participates in, for which reason current tax for the year stands at DKK 0.

Udskudt skat hviler på følgende poster:

Deferred tax is incumbent on the following items:

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Immaterielle anlægsaktiver	Intangible assets	(132)	(59)	(111)
Finansielt leasede aktiver	Assets held under finance leases	461	431	483
Fremførbare underskud ej anvendt i sambeskætningen	Loss carryforwards not utilised in the joing taxation arrangement	19.531	12.921	6.268
		19.860	13.293	6.640

NOTER

NOTES

11. Skat af årets resultat (fortsat)

Nettoværdien er indregnet således i balancen:

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Udskudte skatteaktiver/ tilgodehavende sambeskætningsbidrag	Deferred tax assets/joint taxation contribution receivable	0	0	2.845
Udskudte skatteforpligtelser	Deferred tax liabilities	0	0	0
		0	0	2.845

11. Tax on profit/loss for the year (continued)

The net value is recognised in the balance sheet as follows:

DKK'000		Udskudte skatteaktiver Deferred tax assets	Udskudte skattefor- pligtelser Deferred tax liabilities
Udskudt skat 01.01.2019	Deferred tax at 01.01.2019	0	0
Årets bevægelser	Changes for the year	6.640	72
Ikke indregnet udskudt skatteaktiv	Non-recognised deferred tax asset	(6.640)	(72)
Udskudt skat 31.12.2019	Deferred tax at 31.12.2019	0	0

Udskudt skat 01.01.2018	Deferred tax at 01.01.2018	0	0
Årets bevægelser	Changes for the year	6.653	3.195
Ikke indregnet udskudt skatteaktiv	Non-recognised deferred tax asset	(6.653)	(3.195)
Udskudt skat 31.12.2018	Deferred tax at 31.12.2018	0	0

Udskudt skat 01.01.2017	Deferred tax at 01.01.2017	0	0
Årets bevægelser	Changes for the year	3.343	148
Ikke indregnet udskudt skatteaktiv	Non-recognised deferred tax asset	(3.343)	(148)
Udskudt skat 31.12.2017	Deferred tax at 31.12.2017	0	0

Det er ledelsens vurdering, at de udskudte skatteaktiver ikke kan benyttes af selskabet selv eller i sambeskætningen med moderselskabet, HICO Group ApS, indenfor 3 år, hvorfor skatteaktivet ikke er indregnet pr. 31.12.2019.

It is Management's assessment that the Company will not be able to utilise the deferred tax assets itself or in the joint taxation arrangement with the Parent, HICO Group ApS, over a three-year period, for which reason these assets have not been recognised at 31.12.2019.

NOTER

NOTES

12. Resultat pr. aktie

12. Earnings per share

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Årets resultat efter skat	Profit/loss for the year after tax	(29.889)	(33.115)	(30.603)
Antal aktier a 0,4 kr.*	Number of shares at DKK 0.4 each*	2.338	1.667	1.667
Gennemsnitligt antal aktier*	Average number of shares*	1.778	1.667	1.477
Resultat pr. aktie*	Basic earnings per share*	(16,81)	(19,87)	(20,72)
Udvandet resultat pr. aktie*	Diluted earnings per share*	(16,70)	(19,87)	(20,72)

*Tal er korrigeret for aktiesplit

*Figures adjusted for share split.

13. Erhvervet software

13. Software acquired

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Kostpris 01.01.	Cost at 01.01.	725	720	1.200
Tilgang	Additions	561	5	295
Afgang	Disposals	0	0	(775)
Kostpris 31.12.	Cost at 31.12.	1.286	725	720
Af- og nedskrivninger 01.01.	Amortisation and impairment losses at 01.01.	(455)	(215)	(23)
Årets afskrivninger	Amortisation for the year	(233)	(240)	(429)
Tilbageførsel vedrørende afgang	Reversal regarding disposals	0	0	237
Af- og nedskrivninger 31.12.	Amortisation and impairment losses at 31.12.	(688)	(455)	(215)
Regnskabsmæssig værdi 31.12.	Carrying amount at 31.12.	598	270	505

Selskabet afgangsførte i 2017 erhvervet software med en regnskabsmæssig værdi på 539 t.kr, som er indregnet som andre driftsomkostninger i resultatopgørelsen.

In 2017, the Company wrote off software acquired at a carrying amount of DKK 539k, which has been recognised in "Other operating expenses" in the income statement.

NOTER

NOTES

14. Grunde og bygninger (brugsret til aktiver)

14. Land and buildings (right-of-use assets)

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Kostpris 01.01.	Cost at 01.01.	0	0	0
Tilgang	Additions	7.440	0	0
Afgang	Disposals	0	0	0
Kostpris 31.12.	Cost at 31.12.	7.440	0	0
Af- og nedskrivninger 01.01.	Depreciation and impairment losses at 01.01.	0	0	0
Årets afskrivninger	Depreciation for the year	(1.039)	0	0
Tilbageførsel vedrørende afgang	Reversal regarding disposals	0	0	0
Af- og nedskrivninger 31.12.	Depreciation and impairment losses at 31.12.	(1.039)	0	0
Regnskabsmæssig værdi 31.12.	Carrying amount at 31.12.	6.401	0	0

I den regnskabsmæssige værdi af grunde og bygninger indgår alene leasede aktiver.

The carrying amount of land and buildings solely comprises assets held under leases.

NOTER**NOTES****15. Biler (brugsret til aktiver)****15. Cars (right-of-use assets)**

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Kostpris 01.01.	Cost at 01.01.	50.007	51.256	51.909
Tilgang	Additions	34.712	973	282
Tilskud	Grants	0	0	(20)
Afgang	Disposals	(13.555)	(2.222)	(915)
Kostpris 31.12.	Cost at 31.12.	71.163	50.007	51.256
Af- og nedskrivninger 01.01.	Depreciation and impairment losses at 01.01.	(14.319)	(8.003)	(1.105)
Årets afskrivninger	Depreciation for the year	(6.867)	(6.807)	(7.018)
Tilbageførsel vedrørende afgang	Reversal regarding disposals	3.612	491	120
Af- og nedskrivninger 31.12.	Depreciation and impairment losses at 31.12.	(17.574)	(14.319)	(8.003)
Regnskabsmæssig værdi 31.12.	Carrying amount at 31.12.	53.588	35.688	43.253

I den regnskabsmæssige værdi af biler indgår alene leasede aktiver. Leasede aktiver kan ikke stilles til sikkerhed for selskabets forpligtelser.

Selskabet har i 2016 og 2017 modtaget et tilskud på 10.000 kr. pr. bil fra Energistyrelsen som led i deres generelle støtte til eldrevne biler. Disse er modregnet i kostprisen på aktiverne. Det er en betingelse for tilskuddet, at bilerne holdes i drift i 3 år fra tilskudsdatoen, hvilket er selskabets forventning.

The carrying amount of cars solely comprises assets held under leases. Assets held under leases cannot be provided as security for the Company's commitments.

In 2016 and 2017, the Company received a grant of DKK 10,000 per car from the Danish Energy Agency as part of the Agency's general support of electrically powered cars. These grants have been set off against cost of the assets. It is a precondition for such grants that the cars will be in operation for three years from the grant date, which the Company expects to be the case.

NOTER**NOTES****16. Kapitalandele i tilknyttede virksomheder****16. Investment in subsidiaries**

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Kostpris 01.01.	Cost at 01.01.	0	0	0
Tilgang	Additions	435	0	0
Kostpris 31.12.	Cost at 31.12.	435	0	0
Værdireguleringer 01.01.	Revaluations at 01.01.	0	0	0
Årets resultat	Net profit for the year	0	0	0
Værdireguleringer 31.12.	Revaluations at 31.12.	0	0	0
Regnskabsmæssig værdi 31.12.	Carrying amount at 31.12.	435	0	0

GreenMobility A/S har i 2019 stiftet selskaberne GreenMobility København A/S og GreenMobility Sweden AB. Ejet 100% af GreenMobility A/S, der har ikke været aktivitet i selskaberne i 2019.

Investering i tilknyttede virksomheder er specifiseret på følgende måde:

Navn Name	Hjemsted Registered office	Ejer andel Ownership interest
GreenMobility København A/S	København Copenhagen	100%
GreenMobility Sweden AB	Malmö Malmö	100%

GreenMobility has in 2019 established the companies GreenMobility Copenhagen A/S and GreenMobility Sweden AB. Owned 100% by GreenMobility A/S, with no activities in these companies for 2019.

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

NOTER**NOTES****17. Tilgodehavender fra salg af tjenesteydelser****17. Trade receivables**

		2019 Aldersfordeling Age analysis				2019 DKK'000 I alt Total	2018 DKK'000 I alt Total	2017 DKK'000 I alt Total
		Ej for-faldne Non-due	MI. 1 og 30 dage Between 1 and 30 days	MI. 31 og 60 dage Between 31 and 60 days	Over 60 dage More than 60 days			
Tilgodehavender brutto	Gross receivables	4.961	196	23	921	6.101	3.342	1.205
Hensættelse til tab	Provisions for bad and doubtful debts	2	1	1	849	853	503	261
Tilgode- havender netto	Net receivables	4.959	195	22	72	5.248	2.839	764

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Hensættelseskonto 01.01.	Provisions account at 01.01.	503	261	0
Årets hensættelser til dækning af tab	Provisions for the year for bad and doubtful debts	350	232	113
Hensættelseskonto 31.12.	Provisions account at 31.12.	853	503	261

Der foretages nedskrivninger af tilgodehavender, hvis værdien ud fra en vurdering af de enkelte debitørers betalingsevne er forringet, f.eks. ved betalingsstandsning, konkurs e.l. Derudover er der foretaget en generel nedskrivning på debitører. Nedskrivninger foretages til opgjort nettorealisationsværdi. Der henvises endvidere til note 24 for beskrivelse af selskabets kreditrisici.

Trade receivables are written down if, based on an individual assessment of each debtor's ability to pay, there has been an impairment of their amount, e.g. in case of suspension of payments, bankruptcy etc. Further a general provisions are recorded. Trade receivables are written down to net realisable value. Refer to Note 24 for a description of the Company's credit risks.

NOTER

NOTES

18. Aktiekapital

Aktiekapitalen består af 1.955.339 aktier a 0,4 kr. Aktierne er ikke opdelt i klasser.

Ændringer i aktiekapitalen siden stiftelsen:

DKK'000		2019
Stiftelse, registreret 24.10.2013 (anpartsselskab)	Establishment, registered on 24.10.2013 (private limited company)	80
Kapitalforhøjelse, registreret 11.03.2016 i forbindelse med omdannelse til aktieselskab	Capital increase, registered on 11.03.2016 as part of the conversion into a public limited company	420
Kapitalforhøjelse, registeret 16.06.2017 i forbindelse med selskabets notering på Nasdaq First North	Capital increase, registered on 16.06.2017 as part of the Company's admission for listing on Nasdaq First North	167
Kapitalforhøjelse, registreret 25.3.2019	Capital increase, registered on 25.03.2019	147
Kapitalforhøjelse, registeret 5.11.2019	Capital increase, registered on 15.11.2019	141
Aktiekapital 31.12.2019	Share capital at 31.12.2019	955

18. Share capital

The share capital consists of 1,955,399 shares at DKK 0.4.
The shares are not divided into classes.

Change in share capital since the establishment of the
Company:

NOTER

19. Leasingforpligtelser

Selskabet leaser biler via leasingkontrakter. Den gennemsnitlige leasingperiode er 4 år, hvorefter der er aftalt en residualværdi, som garanteres af selskabet, og selskabet har en ret til at købe bilerne til restværdien. Alle leasingkontrakter følger en fast afdragsprofil, og ingen af aftalerne indeholder bestemmelser om betingede leasingydelser. Leasingkontrakterne er uopsigelige i den aftalte leasingperiode, men kan forlænges på fornuyede vilkår. Det er ledelsens intention at overtage bilerne ved udløb af leasingperioden, hvorfor leasingforpligtelsen og -aktivet jf. note 15 indeholder residualværdien.

Selskabet har betalt 8.470 t.kr. i leasingydelse i 2019 (8.532 t.kr. i 2018 og 8.740 t.kr i 2017).

Selskabet har indgået en leasingaftale i forbindelse med leje af lokaler. Lejekontrakten er uopsigelig frem til 31.05.2024, hvorefter kontrakten kan opsiges med 6 måneders varsel. Lejekontrakten følger en fast betalingsprofil, som pristalsreguleres, og aftalen indeholder ikke bestemmelser om betingede leasingydelser.

Den årlige leje er 1.151 t.kr. ekskl. moms.

De finansielle leasingforpligtelser forfalder således:

DKK'000		Leasingydelser		
		Nominel værdi Lease payments Nominal amount	31.12. 2019	31.12. 2018
Inden for et år fra balancedagen	Within one year from the balance sheet date		27.281	8.509
Mellem et og fem år fra balancedagen	Between one and five years from the balance sheet date		35.134	29.512
Efter fem år fra balancedagen	After more than five years from the balance sheet date		0	0
		62.415	38.021	47.538
Diskonteringseffekt til fremtidig omkostningsførsel	Discounting premium to be recognised in future as an expense		(2.189)	(507)
Nutidsværdi af leasingydelser	Present value of lease payments	60.226	37.514	46.168

NOTES

19. Lease liabilities

The Company leases cars through finance lease agreements. The average lease period is four years, after which a residual value has been agreed, that is guaranteed by the Company, and the Company has an option to buy the cars at the residual value. All lease agreements follow a fixed repayment profile, and no agreements contain provisions about contingent lease payments. The lease agreements are non-cancellable over the agreed lease periods, but may be prolonged on renewed terms. Management has the intention to take over the cars as the lease term end, why the lease liabilities and assets cf. note 15 include the residual value.

In 2019, the Company has made lease payments of DKK 8,470k (2018: DKK 8,532k and 2017: DKK 8,740k).

The Company has entered into an lease agreement on premises. This agreement is non-cancellable until 31.05.2024, after which it may be terminated at six months' notice. The lease agreement follows a fixed repayment profile that is subject to indexation, and it does not contain any provisions about contingent lease payments.

The annual lease payment is DKK 1,151k exclusive of VAT.

Finance lease liabilities fall due as follows:

NOTER

NOTES

19. Leasingforpligtelser (fortsat)

Præsenteres i balancen således:

DKK'000		Leasingydelser Nominal værdi Lease payments Nominal amount		
		31.12. 2019	31.12. 2018	31.12. 2017
Kortfristede gældsforpligtelser	Current liabilities	26.283	8.396	8.261
Langfristede gældsforpligtelser	Non-current liabilities	33.943	29.118	37.907
		60.226	37.514	46.168

Stigningen i den andel af leasingforpligtelsen, der forfalder indenfor 1 år, skyldes primært, at en lang række af selskabets leasingaftaler udløber i 2020, hvorfor selskabet ved udnyttelse af købsretten skal betale for restværdien af bilen ved udløb af leasingkontrakten.

Leasingydelser i leasing kontrakter vedrørende biler indgået i 2019 reguleres i henhold til en aftalt reference rente. Andre leasingkontrakter vedrørende biler har faste leasingydelser.

19. Lease liabilities (continued)

Presented in the balance sheet as follows:

DKK'000		Leasingydelser Nominal værdi Lease payments Nominal amount		
		31.12. 2019	31.12. 2018	31.12. 2017
Kortfristede gældsforpligtelser	Current liabilities	26.283	8.396	8.261
Langfristede gældsforpligtelser	Non-current liabilities	33.943	29.118	37.907
		60.226	37.514	46.168

The increase in the portion of the lease liability falling due for payment within one year is primarily a result of many of the Company's leases expiring in 2020, for which reason the Company at exercise of the call option must pay for the residual value of the car when the lease expires.

Agreed lease payments in lease contracts regarding cars entered into in 2019 are adjusted according to an agreed bensmarch interest rate. Other lease contracts regarding cars has fixed lease payments.

20. Anden gæld

20. Other payables

DKK'000				
		2019	2018	2017
Moms og afgifter	VAT and duties	8	0	103
Skyldig løn, A-skat, sociale bidrag m.m.	Salaries and wages, personal income tax, social security costs, etc payable	16	38	560
Feriepengeforspligtelser	Holiday pay obligations	1.212	1.118	697
Andre skyldige omkostninger	Other expenses payable	2.529	1.346	1.220
		3.749	2.502	2.580

NOTER

21. Kautions- og eventualforpligtelser samt kontraktlige forpligtelser

Selskabet har indgået aftale om betaling af licenser vedrørende software i de næste 6-24 måneder udgørende i alt 6.009 t.kr.

GreenMobility har overfor Københavns Lufthavne A/S stillet anfordringsgaranti på 991.164 kr. til sikkerhed for ethvert mellemværende mellem GreenMobility og Københavns Lufthavne i henhold til samarbejdsaftale vedrørende biludlejning. Aftalen kan opsiges med 6 måneders varsel, svarende til 800 t.kr. Garantien er uopsigelig fra GrenMobilitys side.

Selskabet har endvidere indgået aftale om leje af parkeringspladser i Københavns Lufthavn, som kan opsiges med 1 måneds varsel til den 31. december 2020, svarende til 480 t.kr.

GreenMobility har indgået en erhvervslejekontrakt med Jeudan vedrørende kontor på Landgreven samt parkeringsfaciliteter. Lejemålet kan opsiges med 6 måneds varsel, dog tidligst den 31. maj 2024, svarende til 5.137 t.kr.

Selskabet indgår i en dansk sambeskætning med HICO Group ApS som administrationsselskab. Selskabet hæfter derfor i henhold til selskabsskattelovens regler herom for indkomstskatter mv. for de sambeskattede selskaber og ligeledes for eventuelle forpligtelser til at indeholde kildeskat på renter, royalties og udbytter for disse selskaber.

Derudover henvises til note 19 vedrørende eventualforpligtelser i forbindelse med leasingforpligtelser, herunder tilbagebetaling af tilskud.

NOTES

21. Recourse guarantee commitments, contingent liabilities and contractual obligations

The Company has entered into an agreement about payment of software licence fees for the next 6-24 months, totalling DKK 6,009k.

GreenMobility has provided an on-demand guarantee of DKK 991,164 to Københavns Lufthavne A/S as collateral for any balances between GreenMobility and Københavns Lufthavne pursuant to a cooperation agreement on car rental service. The agreement may be terminated at six months' notice, equivalent to an amount of DKK 800k. The guarantee is non-cancellable by GreenMobility.

The Company has also entered into a lease agreement on parking space at Copenhagen Airport that may be terminated at one month's notice to expire on 31.12.2020, equivalent to an amount of DKK 480k.

GreenMobility has entered into a commercial lease agreement with Jeudan about premises at Landgreven and parking facilities. The lease may be terminated at six months' notice, however, no earlier than on 31.05.2024, equivalent to an amount of DKK 5,137k.

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement with HICO Group ApS serving as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for these entities.

Refer also to Note 19 on contingent liabilities regarding lease liabilities, including repayment of grants.

NOTER

NOTES

22. Pengestrømme

22. Cash flows

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Ændring i tilgodehavender og periodeafgrænsningsposter	Change in receivables and prepayments and accrued income	(3.072)	(3.124)	3.482
Ændring i leverandørgæld, anden gæld mv.	Change in trade payables, other payables etc	234	3.939	(1.971)
Ændring i driftskapital	Working capital changes	(2.838)	815	1.511
Leasinggæld 01.01.	Lease liabilities at 01.01.	37.514	46.168	54.564
Årets betalte leasingydeler	Lease payments made for the year	(9.532)	(8.532)	(8.740)
Regulering for andre ikke-kontante poster herunder:		Adjustment of other non-cash items, including:		
Optagelse af ny leasinggæld	New lease liabilities incurred	34.712	973	282
Afvikling af leasinggæld	Settlement of lease liabilities	(9.953)	(1.844)	(841)
Årets tilskrevne renteomkostninger på leasinggælden	Interest charged for the year on lease liabilities	738	749	903
Leasinggæld 31.12.	Lease liabilities at 31.12.	53.479	37.514	46.168

NOTER

NOTES

23. Nærtstående parter

Nærtstående parter med bestemmende indflydelse

Følgende parter har bestemmende indflydelse på GreenMobility A/S:

Navn Name	Hjemsted Registered in	Grundlag for indflydelse Basis of influence
HICO Group ApS	København Copenhagen, Denmark	Moderselskab Parent
Henrik Isaksen		Ejer af HICO Group ApS Owner of HICO Group ApS

Tilknyttede virksomheder

Group enterprises

Navn Name	Hjemsted Registered in	Grundlag for indflydelse Basis of influence
Mobility Service Danmark A/S	Tårnby Tårnby, Denmark	Søsterselskab Affiliated company

Transaktioner mellem nærtstående parter og GreenMobility A/S

Transactions between related parties and GreenMobility A/S

DKK'000	Moder-selskab Parent	Tilknyttede virksomheder Group enterprises	Andre nært- stående parter Other related parties	I alt Total
2019				
Køb af tjenesteydelser	Services purchased	0	2.172	0 2.172
Garantiprovision (omkostning)	Guarantee commission (expense)	232	0	0 232

NOTER

NOTES

23. Nærtstående parter (fortsat)

23. Related parties (continued)

DKK'000		Moder-selskab Parent	Tilknyttede virksomheder Group enterprises	Andre nært-stående parter Other related parties	I alt Total
2018					
Køb af tjenesteydeler	Services purchased	0	299	0	299
Garantiprovision (omkostning)	Guarantee commission (expense)	233	0	0	233
2017					
Køb af tjenesteydeler	Services purchased	4	276	0	280
Garantiprovision (omkostning)	Guarantee commission (expense)	155	124	0	279
Renter på mellemregning med tilknyttede virksomheder (omkostning)	Interest on balances with group enterprises (expense)	0	1	0	1
Tilførelse af likviditet indtil notering på First North	Liquidity contributed until admission for listing on Nasdaq First North	0	7.700	0	7.700
Tilbagebetaling heraf	Repayment thereof	0	(7.700)	0	(7.700)
Sambeskætningsbidrag 2017	Joint taxation contribution for 2017	2.845	0	0	2.845

DKK'000		Tilgodehavende hos nærtstående parter Receivables from related parties			Gæld til nærtstående parter Payables to related parties		
		31.12. 2019	31.12. 2018	31.12. 2017	31.12. 2019	31.12. 2018	31.12. 2017
		Moderselskab Parent	267	499	3.567	0	0
		Tilknyttede virksomheder Group enterprises	0	0	0	1	187

NOTER

23. Nærtstående parter (fortsat)

Salg af tjenesteydelser til nærtstående parter omfatter konsulentydelser og sker til normale salgspriser. Køb af tjenesteydelser fra nærtstående parter omfatter administration og sker ligeledes til normale indkøbspriser.

Renter på mellemregning og garantiprovision er ydet på det, som en tredjemand kunne forventes at kræve i rente. Garantiprovisionen vedrører moderselskabets kaution for leasingforpligtelserne. Garantiprovisionen udgør 0,5% p.a. af leasinggælden.

Selskabet har indgået aftaler med Mobility Service Danmark A/S om klargøring og opladning af selskabets bilflåde, der bruges i Københavns Lufthavn på Kystvejen 42, 2770 Kastrup samt i Nyropsgade 42, 1606 København V. Herudover er der indgået aftale om leasing af biler i mindre omfang samt at Mobility Service A/S i visse tilfælde varetager reparation af biler. Endvidere er der indgået aftale om, at selskabet stiller deres eksisterende opladningsmoduler til rådighed for Mobility Service Danmark A/S. Alle aftaler er indgået på markedsvilkår.

Endvidere var der indgået aftale om, at selskabet stiller deres eksisterende opladningsmoduler til rådighed for Mobility Service Danmark A/S.

GreenMobility A/S har et tæt samarbejde med HICO Group ApS, her vaskes og oplades biler primært i Dr. Tværgade og Gl. Mønt parkeringshuse, hvor GreenMobility A/S har egen samarbejdsaftale om parkering (Hotspots) med Jeudan.

For vederlag til bestyrelse, direktion og andre ledende medarbejdere henvises til note 7.

NOTES

23. Related parties (continued)

Services sold to related parties comprise consultancy services, and they are sold at normal selling prices. Services acquired from related parties comprise administrative services, and they are acquired at normal selling prices as well.

Interest on balances and guarantee commission has been paid at a rate that a third party could be expected to charge. The guarantee commission concerns the Parent's recourse guarantee for the lease liabilities. The guarantee commission is 0.5% per annum on the lease liabilities.

The Company has entered into agreements with Mobility Service Danmark A/S about the preparation and charging of the Company's car fleet that is used at Copenhagen Airport at Kystvejen 42, 2770 Kastrup, Denmark, and at Nyropsgade 42, 1606 Copenhagen V, Denmark. Additionally, some car leases have been entered into, and in some cases Mobility Service A/S handles car repairs. Moreover, arrangements have been made for the Company to make available its existing charger modules to Mobility Service Danmark A/S. All arrangements have been made on an arm's length basis.

Moreover, arrangements have been made for the Company to make available its existing charger modules to Mobility Servie Danmark A/S.

GreenMobility A/S is working closely together with HICO Group ApS. Here, cars are washed and charged primarily at parking garages in Dr. Tværgade and Gl. Mønt, where Green-Mobility A/S has a cooperation agreement of its own with Jeudan about parking space (hotspots).

Refer to Note 7 for information about remuneration to the Board of Directors, the Executive Board and other management employees.

NOTER

24. Ejerforhold og koncernforhold

Selskabet har registreret følgende aktionærer med mere end 5% af aktiekapitalens stemmerettigheder eller pålydende værdi:

- HICO Group ApS, CVR-nr. 21517909
- KAPITALFORENINGEN MP INVEST, CVR-nr. 28386540

GreenMobility A/S indgår i koncernregnskabet for HICO Group ApS, CVR-nr. 21517909, der er selskabets umiddelbare og ultimative moderselskab.

25. Finansielle risici og finansielle instrumenter

Kategorier af finansielle instrumenter

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Deposita	Deposits	1.041	286	241
Tilgodehavender fra salg af tjenesteydelser	Trade receivables	5.248	2.839	764
Andre tilgodehavender	Other receivables	2.200	244	123
Tilgodehavende fra tilknyttede virksomheder	Receivables from group enterprises	267	499	722
Tilgodehavende sambeskætningsbidrag	Joint taxation contribution receivable	0	0	2.845
Likvide beholdninger	Cash	28.292	1.560	31.913
Finansielle aktiver, der måles til amortiseret kostpris	Financial assets measured at amortised cost	37.048	5.428	36.608

Leasingforpligtelser	Lease liabilities	60.226	37.514	46.168
Leverandører af varer og tjenesteydelser	Trade payables	3.404	5.433	1.233
Gæld til tilknyttede virksomheder	Payables to group enterprises	0	1	187
Anden gæld	Other payables	3.749	2.502	2.580
Finansielle forpligtelser, der måles til amortiseret kostpris	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	67.379	45.450	50.168

NOTES

24. Ownership and group structure

The Company has registered the following shareholders as holding more than 5% of the voting rights or more than 5% of the nominal value of share capital:

- HICO Group ApS, Business Registration No 21517909
- KAPITALFORENINGEN MP INVEST,
Business Registration No 28386540

GreenMobility A/S is included in the consolidated financial statements of HICO Group ApS, Business Registration No 21517909 that is immediate and ultimate parent of the company.

25. Financial risks and financial instruments

Categories of financial instruments

NOTER

25. Finansielle risici og finansielle instrumenter (fortsat)

Selskabet har ingen finansielle instrumenter, der måles til dagsværdi.

Selskabet er som følge af sin drift og investeringer eksponeret over for en række finansielle risici, herunder kreditrisici.

Det er selskabets politik at operere med en lav risikoprofil, således at valuta-, rente- og kreditrisici kun opstår i forbindelse med kommercielle forhold. Det er selskabets politik ikke at foretage aktiv spekulation i finansielle risici. Selskabet har pr. 31.12.2019 en samlet eksponering i EUR på 0,4 mio. kr.

Relevante forhold vedrørende selskabets risikostyring er beskrevet i efterfølgende afsnit.

Renterisici

Selskabet har en likvid beholdning, som er placeret hos selskabets bankforbindelse til en variabel rente, og en leasingforpligtelse, som er baseret på en fast rente.

En stigning i markedsrenten fra 0% til 1% vil have en positiv indvirkning på 0,4 mio.kr. på dagsværdien af selskabets leasingforpligtelse. Et tilsvarende fald i markedsrenten vil have en tilsvarende negativ indvirkning på dagsværdien. Ændringen i markedsrenten har ikke indvirkning på selskabets resultat og egenkapital, da forpligtelsen måles til amortiseret kostpris.

Likviditetsrisici

Selskabet sikrer et tilstrækkeligt likviditetsberedskab ved likviditetsstyring.

Likviditetsreserven i selskabet er sammensat således:

DKK'000		2019	2018	2017
Likvide beholdninger	Cash	28.292	1.560	31.913
I alt	Total	28.292	1.560	31.913

NOTES

25. Financial risks and financial instruments (continued)

The Company has no financial instruments measured at fair value.

Because of its activities and investments, the Company is exposed to various financial risks, including credit risks.

The Company pursues a policy of operating with a low risk profile so that currency risks, interest rate risks and credit risks only arise from commercial affairs and conditions. It is the Company's policy not to conduct active speculation in financial risks. At 31.12.2019, the Company has euro-denominated exposures totalling DKK 0.4m.

Relevant circumstances regarding the Company's risk management are described below.

Interest rate risks

The Company has cash deposited with its banker that carries a floating interest rate and a fixed-rate lease liability.

An increase in the market rate from 0% to 1% would have a positive effect of DKK 0,4m on the fair value of the Company's lease liabilities. An equivalent decrease in the market rate would have an equivalently negative effect on the fair value. Such change in the market rate would not affect the Company's profit or loss or equity as the liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

Liquidity risks

The Company ensures sufficient cash resources in managing its liquidity.

The Company's cash resources are composed as follows:

NOTER

25. Finansielle risici og finansielle instrumenter (fortsat)

Kreditrisici

Den primære kreditrisiko i selskabet er relateret til tilgodehavender fra salg af tjenesteydelser. Selskabet har ikke væsentlige risici vedrørende en enkelt kunde eller samarbejdspartner ud over NSB, som er franchisetager af GreenMobilitys bybilskoncept. Selskabets politik for påtagelse af kreditrisici medfører, at alle større kunder og samarbejdspartnere kreditvurderes.

I selskabets hidtidige korte driftsperiode har selskabet ikke haft væsentlige tab på debitorer, og risikoen for væsentlige tab på de samlede tilgodehavender pr. 31.12.2019 vurderes at være begrænset.

Der henvises i øvrigt til note 16, Tilgodehavender fra salg af tjenesteydelser.

Med henblik på at begrænse selskabets modpartsrisici foretages der alene indskud i velrenommerede banker.

Optimering af kapitalstruktur

Ledelsen vurderer løbende, om selskabets kapitalstruktur er i overensstemmelse med selskabets og aktionærernes interesser. Det overordnede mål er at sikre en kapitalstruktur, som understøtter en langsigtet økonomisk vækst og samtidig maksimerer afkastet til selskabets interesserter.

Selskabet blev i juni 2017 noteret på Nasdaq First North. Formålet med noteringen var at tilføre selskabet midler til at styrke selskabets position i Danmark samt selskabets planlagte internationale ekspansion. Selskabet modtog i forbindelse med noteringen et provenu på 62,5 mio. kr.

Selskabets kapitalstruktur består af egenkapital, herunder aktiekapital samt overført resultat.

NOTES

25. Financial risks and financial instruments (continued)

Credit risks

The Company's primary credit risk is related to trade receivables. The Company is not exposed to major risks from a single customer or business partner other than NSB, who is the franchisee of GreenMobility's city car concept. The Company's credit risk policy involves rating of all major customers and business partners.

So far in its short period of operation, the Company has not sustained any major losses on receivables, and the risk of such losses on total receivables at 31.12.2019 is deemed low.

For further details, refer to Note 16 "Trade receivables".

To reduce the Company's counterparty risks, deposits are only made with reputable banks.

Optimisation of capital structure

Management regularly assesses whether the Company's capital structure is consistent with the interests of the Company and its shareholders. The general objective is to ensure a capital structure that supports long-term economic growth as well as maximises returns for the Company's shareholders.

In June 2017, the Company was admitted for listing on Nasdaq First North. The objective of the listing was to add funds to the Company to strengthen its position in Denmark and support its planned international expansion. The listing generated DKK 62.5m in proceeds for the Company.

The Company's capital structure is composed of equity, including share capital and retained earnings.

NOTER

26. Begivenheder efter balancedagen

Henrik Isaksen er pr. 01.01.2020 fratrådt som administrerende direktør og Thomas Heltborg Juul er tiltrådt som administrerende direktør. Henrik Isaksen er tiltrådt en stilling som Head of Innovation.

Der er fra balancedagen og frem til i dag ikke indtrådt yderligere forhold, som forrykker vurderingen af årsrapporten.

27. Anvendt regnskabspraksis

Årsrapporten er aflagt i overensstemmelse med International Financial Reporting Standards, som er godkendt af EU, og yderligere krav i årsregnskabsloven for regnskabsklasse B med tilvalg af noteoplysninger gældende for regnskabsklasse C og D.

Bortset fra implementering af nye eller reviderede og ændrede regnskabsstandarder er årsregnskabet aflagt efter samme regnskabspraksis som sidste år.

Årsrapporten er aflagt i danske kroner.

Generelt om indregning og måling

Aktiver indregnes i balancen, når det som følge af en tidligere begivenhed er sandsynligt, at fremtidige økonomiske fordele vil tilflyde selskabet, og aktivets værdi kan måles pålideligt.

Forpligtelser indregnes i balancen, når selskabet som følge af en tidligere begivenhed har en retlig eller faktisk forpligtelse, og det er sandsynligt, at fremtidige økonomiske fordele vil fragå selskabet, og forpligtelsens værdi kan måles pålideligt.

Ved første indregning måles aktiver og forpligtelser til kostpris. Måling efter første indregning sker som beskrevet for hver enkelt regnskabspost nedenfor.

Ved indregning og måling tages hensyn til forudsigelige risici og tab, der fremkommer, inden årsrapporten aflægges, og som be- eller afkræfter forhold, der eksisterede på balancedagen.

I resultatopgørelsen indregnes indtægter, i takt med at de indtjenes, mens omkostninger indregnes med de beløb, der vedrører regnskabsåret.

NOTES

26. Events after the balance sheet date

Effective from 01.01.2020, Henrik Isaksen has stepped down as Chief Executive Officer, and Thomas Heltborg Juul has taken up this position. Henrik Isaksen has been appointed Head of Innovation.

No further events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this Annual Report.

27. Summary of significant accounting policies

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act for reporting class B enterprises with addition of note disclosures applicable for reporting class C and D enterprises.

Apart from the implementation of new or revised or amended financial reporting standards, the financial statements have been presented applying the same accounting policies as last year.

The annual report has been presented in DKK.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered on recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to the financial year.

NOTER

27. Anvendt regnskabspraksis (fortsat)

Koncernregnskab

Da selskabets datterselskaber er uden aktivitet og derfor ikke væsentlige i forhold til koncernens samlede finansielle stilling og resultat er der med henvisning til bestemmelserne i IAS 1 og 8 om væsentlighed ikke udarbejdet koncernregnskab.

Segmentoplysninger

Selskabet opererer indtil nu alene i et segment, og der indgår ikke segmenter i selskabets interne ledelsesrapportering, hvorfor der ikke præsenteres segmentoplysninger i årsregnskabet.

Pengestrømsopgørelse

Pengestrømsopgørelsen opstilles efter den indirekte metode med udgangspunkt i resultatopgørelsens mellemresultat "Driftsresultat". Pengestrømmene viser, hvorledes nedenstående 3 aktiviteter har påvirket årets likviditet.

Pengestrømme fra driftsaktivitet omfatter driftsresultat reguleret for ikke kontante driftsposter, årets ændringer i driftskapital samt betalt selskabsskat.

Pengestrømme fra investeringsaktivitet omfatter pengestrømme fra køb og salg af immaterielle og materielle anlægsaktiver.

Pengestrømme fra finansieringsaktivitet omfatter pengestrømme fra kapitalforhøjelse, lån fra tilknyttede virksomheder samt ydelser (afdrag og renter) vedrørende leasing.

Likvider omfatter kontanter og bankindeståender.

Oplysninger om dagsværdi

For alle selskabets aktiver og forpligtelser vurderes den bogførte værdi at være en tilnærmelse til dagsværdi, da aktiverne og forpligtelserne enten er kortfristet eller gældende for leasingforpligtelser indgået lige inden balance-dagen, hvorfor der således ikke har været væsentlige ændringer til markedsrenten siden indgåelse.

Resultatopgørelsen

Nettoomsætning

Den primære indtægt vedrører brugernes kørsel i biler og indtægten indregnes, når turen afsluttes. Omsætningen opgøres efter fradrag af moms, afgifter og rabatter.

Tilskud

Tilskud indregnes, når der er rimelig sikkerhed for, at tilskuds-betingelserne er opfyldt, og at tilskuddet vil blive modtaget.

NOTES

27. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Consolidated financial statements

As the Company's subsidiaries are without activity and consequently not material in respect to the Groups overall financial position and result no consolidated financial statements have been prepared with reference to the provisions of IASs 1 and 8 governing materiality.

Segment reporting

So far, the Company is only operating in one segment, and its management reporting does not include any other segments, for which reason no segment information is reported in the financial statements.

Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement is compiled according to the indirect method based on the subtotal "Operating profit" in the income statement. Cash flows show how the following three activities have affected cash for the year:

Cash flows from operating activities are composed of operating profit or loss adjusted for non-cash operating items, working capital changes for the year and income taxes paid.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise cash flows from the purchase and sale of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment.

Cash flows from financing activities are composed of cash flows from capital increases, loans from group enterprises, and payments (repayments and interest) regarding leases.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank deposits.

Fair value information

For all of the Company's assets and liabilities, their carrying amount is considered to be an approximation of the fair value as they are either current or applicable to leases inception shortly before the balance sheet date, for which reason there has not been any significant changes in the market rate since their inception.

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue primarily arises from users' car drives, and it is recognised when the drive has ended. Revenue is calculated net of VAT, duties and discounts.

Grants

Grants are recognised when it is virtually certain that the conditions underlying the grants have been met and that the grant will be received.

NOTER

27. Anvendt regnskabspraksis (fortsat)

Tilskud, der er knyttet til et aktiv, fratrækkes aktivets kostpris, mens driftstilskud og tilskud i forbindelse med markedsføringsaktiviteter indtægtsføres, i takt med at betingelserne opfyldes.

Andre driftsindtægter

Andre driftsindtægter omfatter indtægter af sekundær karakter set i forhold til selskabets hovedaktivitet. Andre driftsindtægter består af engangsdriftstilskud, franchiseindtægter og viderefaktuering af hardware og platform.

Andre eksterne omkostninger

Andre eksterne omkostninger omfatter omkostninger til drift af biler, reklame, administration, lokaler, tab på debitorer mv. Selskabet indregner leasingydelser vedrørende korttidskontrakter (defineret som leasing med leasingperiode på 12 måneder eller mindre) og leasing af aktiver med lav værdi (fx personlige computere, mindre kontorinventar og mobiltelefoner) under andre eksterne omkostninger lineært over leasingperioden.

Personaleomkostninger

Personaleomkostninger omfatter løn og gager samt sociale omkostninger, pensioner mv. til selskabets personale. Alle pensionsordninger er bidragsbaserede.

Afskrivninger på materielle og immaterielle anlægsaktiver

Materielle og immaterielle anlægsaktiver, herunder leasede aktiver, hvor en købsret til aktivet efter leasingperiodens udløb forventes udnyttet, afskrives over aktivets forventede brugstid. Leasede aktiver uden købsret efter leasingperiodens udløb afskrives over det korteste af aktivets brugstid og leasing perioden. På dette grundlag afskrives anlægsaktiverne lineært over følgende perioder:

Buildings	5 år
Biler	4 år
Software	3 år

Fortjeneste eller tab ved afhændelse af materielle og immaterielle anlægsaktiver opgøres som forskellen mellem salgspris med fradrag af salgsomkostninger og den regnskabsmæssige værdi på salgstidspunktet og indregnes i resultatopgørelsen under andre driftsindtægter eller -omkostninger.

NOTES

27. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Grants related to an asset are deducted from the cost of such asset whereas operating grants and grants for marketing activities are recognised as income as and when the conditions have been fulfilled.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Company's primary activities. Other operating income consists of non-recurring operating grants, franchise income and revoicing of hardware and platform costs.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for the operation of cars, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, etc. The Company recognises lease payments for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets (such as personal computers, small items of office furniture and telephones) as other external expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, social security costs, pension contributions, etc for the Company's staff. All pension plans are defined contribution plans.

Depreciation and amortisation on intangible assets and property, plant and equipment

Intangible assets and property, plant and equipment including leased assets where an option to acquire the assets is expected to be exercised is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. Leased assets without an option to acquire the assets after expiry of the lease term are depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. On this basis intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following periods:

Buildings	5 years
Cars	4 years
Software	3 years

Gains or losses arising from the disposal of items of intangible assets or property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the selling price net of selling costs and the carrying amount at the time of sale, and it is recognised in the income statement in "Other operating income" or "Other operating expenses".

NOTER

27. Anvendt regnskabspraksis (fortsat)

Resultat af kapitalandele i dattervirksomheder og associerede virksomheder

I resultatopgørelsen indregnes den forholdsmaessige andel af resultat for året under posten "Indtægter af kapitalandele i dattervirksomheder"

Andre driftsomkostninger

Andre driftsomkostninger omfatter omkostninger af sekundær karakter set i forhold til selskabets hovedaktivitet. Andre driftsomkostninger består af skrotning af selskabets erhvervet software.

Finansielle indtægter og udgifter

Finansielle indtægter og omkostninger indregnes i resultatopgørelsen med de beløb, der vedrører regnskabsåret. Finansielle poster omfatter renteindtægter og -omkostninger samt realiserede og urealiserede kursgevinster og tab vedrørende gæld og transaktioner i fremmed valuta.

Skat

Skat af årets resultat omfatter aktuel skat af årets forventede skattepligtige indkomst og årets regulering af udskudt skat med fradrag af den del af årets skat, der vedrører anden totalindkomst og egenkapitalbevægelser. Aktuel og udskudt skat vedrørende anden totalindkomst og egenkapitalbevægelser indregnes direkte i egenkapitalen. Selskabet er sambeskattet med moderselskabet HICO Group ApS. Den danske selskabsskat fordeles mellem overskuds- og underskudsgivende danske selskaber i forhold til disses skattepligtige indkomst (fuld fordeling).

Balancen

Immaterielle anlægsaktiver

Erhvervet software måles til kostpris med fradrag af akkumulerede af- og nedskrivninger. Afskrivning foretages fra det tidspunkt, softwaren er taget i brug.

Software nedskrives til genind vindings værdi, såfremt denne er lavere end den regnskabsmaessige værdi.

Materielle anlægsaktiver

Materielle anlægsaktiver omfatter leasede grunde, bygninger og biler og måles ved første indregning til kostpris. For leasede aktiver udgør kostprisen nutidsværdien af de fremtidige leasingydelser tillagt leasingydelser betalt forud for aktivets ibrugtagning og direkte transaktionskostninger og med fradrag af modtaget incitamentsbetaling.

Leasede aktiver afskrives, hvor en købsret til aktivet efter leasingperiodens udløb forventes udnyttet, afskrives over aktivets forventede brugstid. Afskrivningsgrundlaget er

NOTES

27. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Income from investment in subsidiaries

The items "Income from investments in subsidiaries" in the income statement include the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses comprise costs of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Company's primary activities. Other operating expenses consist of retirement of software acquired by the Company.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement by the amounts attributable to this financial year. These items comprise interest income and interest expenses, realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses on liabilities and foreign currency transactions.

Income tax

Tax on profit for the year comprises current tax on the expected taxable income for the year and adjustments for the year of deferred tax less the portion of tax for the year which concerns other comprehensive income and changes in equity. Current and deferred tax relating to other comprehensive income and changes in equity is recognised directly in equity. The Company is jointly taxed with its Parent, HICO Group ApS. The Danish corporation tax is allocated between profit-making and loss-making Danish companies in ratio to their taxable income (full allocation).

Balance sheet

Intangible assets

Software is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation occurs from the time when the software is put into service.

Software is written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Property, plant, and equipment

Property, plant and equipment comprise land, buildings and cars held under leases and is initially measured at costs. For assets held under leases, cost is present value of future lease payments plus lease payments made before the commencement date and direct transaction costs and less any lease incentives received.

Leased assets where an option to acquire the assets is expected to be exercised is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. The basis of depreciation is cost less residual

NOTER

27. Anvendt regnskabspraksis (fortsat)

aktivets kostpris fratrukket restværdi. Restværdien opgøres under forudsætning af, at selskabet gør brug af en købsret til aktivet efter leasingperiodens udløb, og er det forventede beløb, som vil kunne opnås ved salg af aktivet i dag efter fradrag af salgsomkostninger, hvis aktivet allerede havde den alder og var i den stand, som aktivet forventes at være i efter afsluttet brugstid. Leasede aktiver uden købsret efter leasingperiodens udløb afskrives over det korteste af aktivets brugstid og leasing perioden.

Afskrivningsmetoder, brugstider og restværdier revideres årligt.

Materielle aktiver nedskrives til genind vindings værdi, hvis denne er lavere end den regnskabsmæssige værdi, jf. afsnittet om nedskrivning nedenfor.

Nedskrivning af materielle anlægsaktiver

De regnskabsmæssige værdier af materielle anlægsaktiver gennemgås på balancedagen for at fastsætte, om der er indikationer på værdiforringelse. Hvis dette er tilfældet, opgøres aktivets genind vindings værdi for at fastslå behovet for eventuel nedskrivning og omfanget heraf.

Genind vindings værdien opgøres som den højeste værdi af aktivets dags værdi med fradrag af salgsomkostninger og kapitalværdien. Når kapitalværdien opgøres, tilbagediskonteres skønnede fremtidige pengestrømme til nutidsværdi ved at anvende en diskonteringssats, der afspejler dels aktuelle markeds vurderinger af den tids mæssige værdi af penge og dels de særlige risici, der er tilknyttet, og som der ikke er reguleret for i de skønnede fremtidige pengestrømme.

Hvis aktivets genind vindings værdi er lavere end den regnskabsmæssige værdi, nedskrives den regnskabsmæssige værdi til genind vindings værdien.

Nedskrivninger indregnes i resultatopgørelsen. Ved eventuelle efterfølgende tilbageførsler af nedskrivninger som følge af ændringer i forudsætninger for den opgjorte genind vindings værdi forhøjes aktivets regnskabsmæssige værdi til den korrigerede genind vindings værdi, dog maksimalt til den regnskabsmæssige værdi, som aktivet ville have haft, hvis nedskrivning ikke var foretaget.

Kapitalandele i tilknyttede virksomheder

Kapitalandele i dattervirksomheder virksomheder indregnes og måles efter den indre værdis metode.

I balancen indregnes under posten "Kapitalandele i dattervirksomheder" den forholds mæssige ejerandel af virksom-

NOTES

27. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

value. The residual value is measured under the assumption that the entity exercise an option to acquire the assets after the expiry of the lease term and is the estimated amount that would be earned if selling the asset today net of selling costs, if the asset is of an age and a condition that is expected after the end of useful life. Leased assets without an option to acquire the assets after expiry of the lease term are depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount, refer to the section below on impairment losses.

Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment

The carrying amounts of items of property, plant and equipment are tested at the balance sheet date for any indication of impairment. If impaired, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to determine the need for any writedown for impairment and the extent thereof.

The recoverable amount is calculated as the higher of the asset's fair value net of selling costs and value in use. When the value in use is determined, estimated future cash flows are discounted at present value using a discount rate that reflects current market estimates of the time value of money and the particular associated risks, and for which no adjustment has been made in the estimated future cash flows.

If the recoverable amount of the asset is lower than the carrying amount, the carrying amount is written down to recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. In case of any subsequent reversals of impairment losses resulting from changes in assumptions underlying the calculated recoverable amount, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the adjusted recoverable amount, however, not exceeding the carrying amount which the asset would have had if no writedown for impairment had been made.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method.

The items "Investments in subsidiaries" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset

NOTER

27. Anvendt regnskabspraksis (fortsat)

hedernes regnskabsmæssige indre værdi opgjort med udgangspunkt i dagsværdien af de identificerbare nettoaktiver på anskaffelsestidspunktet med fradrag eller tillæg af urealiserede koncerninterne avancer eller tab og med tillæg af resterende værdi af positiv forskelsværdi (goodwill) og fradrag af en resterende negativ forskelsværdi (negativ goodwill).

Den samlede nettoopskrivning af kapitalandele i dattervirksomheder henlægges via overskudsdisponeringen til "Reserve for nettoopskrivning efter den indre værdis metode" under egenkapitalen. Reserven reduceres med udbytteudlodninger til moderselskabet og reguleres med andre egenkapitalbevægelser i dattervirksomhederne.

Dattervirksomheder virksomheder med negativ regnskabsmæssig indre værdi indregnes til DKK 0. Har moderselskabet en retslig eller en faktisk forpligtelse til at dække virksomhedens underbalance, indregnes en hensat forpligtelse hertil.

Varebeholdninger

Varebeholdninger måles til kostpris, opgjort efter FIFO-metoden, eller nettorealisationsværdi, hvis denne er lavere. Kostprisen for handelsvarer og hjælpematerialer omfatter anskaffelsesprisen med tillæg af hjemtagelsesomkostninger. Varebeholdninger omfatter reservedele til biler.

Tilgodehavender

Tilgodehavender måles til amortiseret kostpris, der sædvanligvis svarer til nominel værdi, med fradrag af nedskrivninger til imødegåelse af forventede tab.

Periodeafgrænsningsposter

Periodeafgrænsningsposter indregnet under aktiver omfatter afholdte omkostninger, der vedrører efterfølgende regnskabsår. Periodeafgrænsningsposter måles til kostpris.

Udbytte

Udbytte indregnes som en gældsforpligtelse på tidspunktet for vedtagelse på generalforsamlingen. Det foreslæde udbytte for regnskabsåret vises som en særskilt post under egenkapitalen.

Leasingforpligtelser

Leasingforpligtelsen måles første gang til nutidsværdien af leasingydelser, som ikke betales på ikraftrædelsesdatoen, tilbagediskonteret med den rentesats, der er angivet i leasingkontrakten. Hvis denne rente ikke straks kan fastsættes, anvender koncernen sin opgjorte lånerente.

NOTES

27. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with addition of any remaining value of positive differences (goodwill) and deduction of any remaining value of negative differences (negative goodwill).

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries and associates is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity.

The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are recognised at DKK 0. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost based on the FIFO method or nettorealisation value if this is lower. The cost for merchandise and consumables comprise the acquisition cost with addition of cost of transporting goods to the place of business. Inventories comprise spare parts for cars.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equaling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Prepayments and accrued income

Prepayments and accrued income comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments and accrued income are measured at cost.

Dividends

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Dividend proposed for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

Lease liabilities

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

NOTER

27. Anvendt regnskabspraksis (fortsat)

Leasingydelser, der indgår i målingen af leasingforpligtelsen, omfatter:

- Faste leasingydelser, herunder leasingydelser i perioder omfattet af en option på forlængelse af leasingkontrakten, såfremt der er rimelig sikkerhed for, at en sådan option vil blive udnyttet, med fradrag af eventuelle tilgodehavende leasingincitamenter
- Variable leasingydelser, som afhænger af et indeks eller en sats, og hvor første måling er sket ved hjælp af indekset eller satsen på ikrafttrædelsestidspunktet
- Den betaling, som leasingtager forventes at skulle afholde i henhold til restværdigarantier og
- Udnyttelseskursen for købsoptioner, såfremt der er rimelig sikkerhed for, at sådanne optioner vil blive udnyttet.

Leasingforpligtelsen vises som en særskilt linje i koncernbalancen.

Leasingforpligtelsen måles efterfølgende ved at øge den regnskabsmæssige værdi, så den afspejler renten på leasingforpligtelsen (efter den effektive rentes metode) og ved at reducere den regnskabsmæssige værdi, så den afspejler de betalte leasingydelser.

Koncernen genberegner leasingforpligtelsen (og foretager en tilsvarende regulering til det tilhørende brugsretsaktiv), når:

- Leasingperioden er ændret, eller der er indtruffet en væsentlig begivenhed eller ændring i forhold, som medfører en ændring i vurderingen af udnyttelsen af en købsoption, hvor leasingforpligtelsen genbereges ved at tilbagediskontere den ændrede leasingydelse med en revideret tilbagediskonteringssats.
- Leasingydelser ændres pga. ændringer i et indeks eller en sats eller en ændring i den forventede betaling i henhold til en restværdigaranti, hvor leasingforpligtelsen genbereges ved at tilbagediskontere de reviderede leasingydelser ved anvendelse af en uændret tilbagediskonteringssats (medmindre ændringen i leasingydelserne skyldes en ændring i den variable rente, hvor der anvendes en revideret tilbagediskonteringssats).
- En leasingkontrakt reguleres, og reguleringen bliver ikke behandlet regnskabsmæssigt som en særskilt leasingkontrakt, hvorefter leasingforpligtelsen genbereges ved at tilbagediskontere de reviderede leasingydelser ved anvendelse af en revideret tilbagediskonteringssats på datoerne for ikrafttrædelsen af ændringen af leasingkontrakten.

Koncernen har ikke foretaget sådanne reguleringer i de pågældende perioder.

NOTES

27. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise:

- Fixed lease payments including lease payments during periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonable certain that such options will be exercised less any lease incentives receivable;
- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- The amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees; and
- The exercise price of purchase options, if it is reasonable certain that such options will be exercised.

The lease liability is presented as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability (using the effective interest method) and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The Group remeasures the lease liability (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use asset) whenever:

- The lease term has changed or there is a significant event or change in circumstances resulting in a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate.
- The lease payments change due to changes in an index or rate or a change in expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using an unchanged discount rate (unless the lease payments change is due to a change in a floating interest rate, in which case a revised discount rate is used).
- A lease contract is modified and the lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, in which case the lease liability is remeasured based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group did not make any such adjustments during the periods presented.

NOTER

27. Anvendt regnskabspraksis (fortsat)

Skyldig skat og udskudt skat

Aktuelle skatteforpligtelser og tilgodehavende aktuel skat indregnes i balansen som beregnet skat af årets skattepligtige indkomst reguleret for skat af tidligere års skattepligtige indkomster samt for betalte acontoskatter.

Udskudt skat måles efter den balanceorienterede gældsme-tode af midlertidige forskelle mellem regnskabsmæssig og skattemæssig værdi af aktiver og forpligtelser. I de tilfælde hvor opgørelse af skatteværdien kan foretages efter alternative beskatningsregler, måles udskudt skat på grundlag af henholdsvis den planlagte anvendelse af aktivet og afvikling af forpligtelsen.

Udskudte skatteaktiver, herunder skatteværdien af fremfør-selsberettiget skattemæssigt underskud, måles til den værdi, hvortil aktivet forventes at kunne realiseres, enten ved udligning i skat af fremtidig indtjening eller ved modregning i udskudte skatteforpligtelser. Eventuelle udskudte nettoskat-teaktiver måles til nettorealisationsværdi.

Udskudt skat måles på grundlag af de skatteregler og skattesatser, der med balancedagens lovgivning vil være gældende, når den udskudte skat forventes udløst som aktuel skat. Ændring i udskudt skat som følge af ændringer i skattesatser indregnes i resultatopgørelsen. For indeværen-de år er anvendt en skattesats på 22%.

Andre finansielle forpligtelser

Andre finansielle forpligtelser måles til amortiseret kostpris, der sædvanligvis svarer til nominel værdi.

Omregning af fremmed valuta

Transaktioner i fremmed valuta omregnes ved første indregning til transaktionsdagens kurs. Tilgodehavender, gældsforpligtelser og andre monetære poster i fremmed valuta, som ikke er afregnet på balancedagen, omregnes til balancedagens valutakurs. Valutakursdifferencer, der opstår mellem transaktionsdagens kurs og kurSEN på henholdsvis betalingsdagen og balancedagen, indregnes i resultatopgørelsen som finansielle poster.

NOTES

27. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Current tax and deferred tax

The current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prior years' taxable income and pre-paid taxes.

Deferred tax is measured in accordance with the balance-sheet liability method of temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities. Where the computation of the tax base can be made according to alternative tax rules, deferred tax is measured on the basis of the planned use of the asset or settlement of the liability.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured by the amount at which the asset is expected to be realised either as an elimination against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at their net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax regulations and tax rates that will be in effect using the laws at the balance sheet date, when the deferred tax is estimated to be triggered as current tax. Changes in deferred tax resulting from changed tax rates are recognised in the income statement. For this year, the tax rate applied is 22%.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually equals nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

GREENMOBILITY A/S

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CVR-nr. 35 52 15 85

Årsrapport 2019

(6. regnskabsår)

Årsrapporten er fremlagt og godkendt på
selskabets ordinære generalforsamling
den 24.04.2020

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Business Registration No 35 52 15 85

Annual Report 2019

(6th financial year)

The Annual Report has been presented and
adopted at the Company's Annual General
Meeting on 24.04.2020

Dirigent
Chairman of the General Meeting

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GreenMobility
DIN BYBIL